CITY OF WAYCROSS, GEORGIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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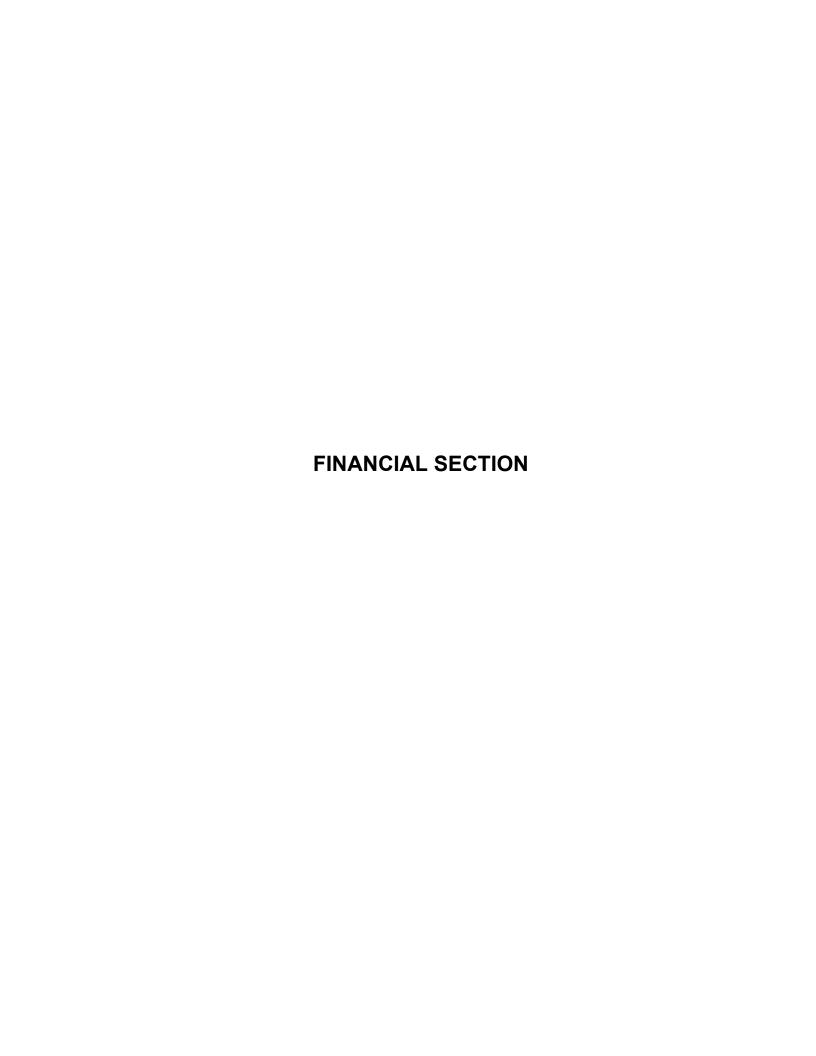
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Waycross, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Waycross, Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 15, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* in the fiscal year 2021. This standard significantly changed the accounting for the City's Municipal Court Fund and Police Condemnation Fund. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of City Contributions – Retirement Plan (on pages 47 – 50) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds and the schedule of transportation special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §48-8-121, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City.

The combining statements and schedules, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, the schedule of transportation special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, the schedule of transportation special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 6, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total				
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,162,112	\$ 1,816,384	\$ 16,978,496				
Taxes receivable	255,347	\$ 1,816,384	\$ 16,978,496 255,347				
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	265,278	1,111,217	1,376,495				
Due from other governments	662,834		662,834				
Internal balances	(1,306,763)	1,306,763	-				
Inventories	61,210	49,302	110,512				
Prepaid expenses	58,996	-	58,996				
Capital assets:	,						
Non-depreciable	11,855,481	1,073,042	12,928,523				
Depreciable, net	15,479,452	30,580,725	46,060,177				
Total assets	42,493,947	35,937,433	78,431,380				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension	2,629,443	-	2,629,443				
Total deferred outflows or resources	2,629,443	-	2,629,443				
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	1,332,364	507,659	1,840,023				
Accrued liabilities	302,632	17,720	320,352				
Customer deposits payable	-	269,927	269,927				
Capital leases due within one year	236,054	-	236,054				
Capital leases due in more than one year	558,955	-	558,955				
Notes payable due within one year	30,000	-	30,000				
Notes payable due in more than one year	432,500	-	432,500				
Loans payable due within one year	-	906,982	906,982				
Loans payable due in more than one year	-	3,104,700	3,104,700				
Compensated absences due within one year Compensated absences due	169,757	10,791	180,548				
in more than one year	396,099	25,178	421,277				
Net pension liability due in more than one year	7,289,598		7,289,598				
Total liabilities	10,747,959	4,842,957	15,590,916				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension	286,303	-	286,303				
Total deferred inflows of resources	286,303	-	286,303				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	26,077,424	27,642,085	53,719,509				
Restricted for:							
Capital projects	11,022,266	-	11,022,266				
Community development projects	107,727	-	107,727				
Other projects	35,127	-	35,127				
Unrestricted	(3,153,416)		298,975				
Total net position	\$ 34,089,128	\$ 31,094,476	\$ 65,183,604				

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		ı	Drogram Bayanya			Revenues and Chang	
			Program Revenue Operating	Capital		Primary Governmen	<u>ıt</u>
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,964,245	\$ 1,220,221	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (744,024)	\$ -	\$ (744,024)
Public safety	6,883,358	29,780	-	947,757	(5,905,821)	-	(5,905,821)
Public works	4,138,383	19,988	-	4,306,011	187,616	-	187,616
Community development	1,172,435	-	-	-	(1,172,435)	-	(1,172,435)
Judicial	374,263	405,871	-	-	31,608	-	31,608
Interest on long-term debt	12,405				(12,405)		(12,405)
Total governmental activities	14,545,089	1,675,860		5,253,768	(7,615,461)		(7,615,461)
Business-type activities:							
Public utilities	7,133,600	6,833,238	-	306,288	-	5,926	5,926
Waste management	2,410,225	2,635,762	-	-	-	225,537	225,537
City auditorium	178,343	15,000				(163,343)	(163,343)
Total business-type activities	9,722,168	9,484,000	-	306,288	-	68,120	68,120
Total primary government	\$ 24,267,257	\$ 11,159,860	\$ -	\$ 5,560,056	(7,615,461)	68,120	(7,547,341)
	General revenue	S					
	Taxes:						
	Property taxe	S			3,655,558	-	3,655,558
	Sales taxes				3,865,908	-	3,865,908
	Franchise tax	es			1,079,658	-	1,079,658
	Other taxes				2,145,851	-	2,145,851
		estment earnings	•		7,854	4,457	12,311
	Miscellaneous				595,270	-	595,270
	Transfers				62,455	(62,455)	
	•	evenues and trans	fers		11,412,554	(57,998)	11,354,556
	Change in net p				3,797,093	10,122	3,807,215
		inning of year, as	restated		30,292,035	31,084,354	61,376,389
	Net position, end	of year			\$ 34,089,128	\$ 31,094,476	\$ 65,183,604

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		General Fund		SPLOST 2014 Fund	_	TSPLOST Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,942,295	\$	2,164,687	\$	8,325,200	\$	854,940	\$	13,287,122
Taxes receivable, net	•	255,347	-	-		-	·	-		255,347
Accounts receivable, net		171,672		-		-		-		171,672
Due from other governments		320,335		660		341,839		-		662,834
Due from other funds		1,465,497		-		-		-		1,465,497
Inventories		32,171		-		-		-		32,171
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-		4,996		4,996
Other receivables		-		-		-		84,350		84,350
Total assets	\$	4,187,317	\$	2,165,347	\$	8,667,039	\$	944,286	\$	15,963,989
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
IABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	130,557	\$	163,892	\$	65,434	\$	73,217	\$	433,100
Accrued liabilities		287,764						-		287,764
Total liabilities		418,321		163,892		65,434		73,217		720,864
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
navailable revenue - property taxes		208,717				<u>-</u>				208,717
Total deferred inflows of resources		208,717								208,717
IND BALANCES										
lon-spendable		32,171		-		-		4,996		37,167
Restricted				2,001,455		8,601,605		734,151		11,337,211
Committed		-		-		-		59,755		59,755
ssigned		-		-		-		72,167		72,167
Inassigned		3,528,108				-				3,528,108
Total fund balances		3,560,279		2,001,455		8,601,605		871,069		15,034,408
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	4,187,317	\$	2,165,347	\$	8,667,039	\$	944,286		
mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	of net po	sition are diffe	ent be	ecause:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finance. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-peferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the These deferred outflows of resources consist of pension a	eriod exp he currer	penditures and nt period and, tl	there	fore, are defer re, are not rep	ed in	the funds. n the funds.				26,924,243 208,717
differences, assumption changes and contributions. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the										2,629,443
and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in g Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for cu These deferred inflows of resources consist of pension and	rrent exp	enditures and,	theret	ore, are not re	ortec	I in the funds.				(1,732,836)
projected and actual earnings on plan investments.	u ouiei po	ost-employmer	it bene	ilis related dili	erenc	es between				(286,303)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current per	iod and a	re, therefore, n	ot rep	orted in the fur	ds.					, ,
				ension liability	\$	(7,289,598)				
		Cap		ases payable lotes payable		(370,539) (462,500)				
		Comi		ted absences		(565,856)				
		00,		crued interest		(51)				
										(8,688,544)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund		SPLOST 2014 Fund	TSPLOST Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 10,757,678	\$	-	\$ -	\$	368,746	\$	11,126,424
Fines and forfeitures	608,442		-	-		-		608,442
Licenses and permits	992,105					-		992,105
Intergovernmental	705,647		502,435	3,567,338		474,949		5,250,369
Charges for services	34,024		-	-		41,289		75,313
Interest revenue	476		714	2,685		7,378		11,253
Other revenues	 480,334		-	 90,641		24,295		595,270
Total revenues	 13,578,706		503,149	 3,660,664		916,657		18,659,176
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	1,932,866		-	-		5,098		1,937,964
Public safety	6,409,332		-	-		21,408		6,430,740
Public works	3,099,642		-	-		181,595		3,281,237
Community development	811,892		-	-		346,750		1,158,642
Judicial	374,263		-	-		-		374,263
Debt service:								
Principal	124,017		-	38,634		-		162,651
Interest	7,630		-	4,775		-		12,405
Capital outlay	 		2,905,554	 1,776,089		266,909		4,948,552
Total expenditures	 12,759,642		2,905,554	1,819,498		821,760		18,306,454
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	819,064		(2,402,405)	1,841,166		94,897		352,722
experialiares	 010,004		(2,402,400)	 1,041,100	-	34,037		002,122
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	307,331		-	-		-		307,331
Transfers out	-		-	-		(244,876)		(244,876)
Capital leases	 262,360			-				262,360
Total other financing sources (uses)	569,691		_	_		(244,876)		324,815
,	<u> </u>							
Net change in fund balances	1,388,755		(2,402,405)	1,841,166		(149,979)		677,537
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	2,171,524		4,403,860	6,760,439		1,021,048		14,356,871
or year, as restated	 2,111,024	_	+,+03,000	 0,100,439		1,040	_	14,000,071
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,560,279	\$	2,001,455	\$ 8,601,605	\$	871,069	\$	15,034,408

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds.		\$	677,537
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 4,763,532 (1,217,930)		3,545,602
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			(379,449)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain functions to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities in the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			(32,436)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.			
Capital lease proceeds Principal payments of long-term debt	\$ (262,360) 162,651		(99,709)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Pension expense Compensated absences	\$ 132,104 (46,556)		85,548
		•	0.707.000
		\$	3,797,093

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Variance
	Budgeted	d Amounts		warrance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 10,324,000	\$ 10,324,000	\$ 10,757,678	\$ 433,678
Fees and fines	317,000	317,000	608,442	291,442
Licenses and permits	885,400	885,400	992,105	106,705
Intergovernmental	10,000	10,000	705,647	695,647
Charges for services	32,000	32,000	34,024	2,024
Investment earnings	15,500	15,500	476	(15,024)
Other revenues	397,000	397,000	480,334	83,334
Total revenues	11,980,900	11,980,900	13,578,706	1,597,806
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	2,146,911	2,146,911	1,932,866	214,045
Public safety	6,388,579	6,388,579	6,409,332	(20,753)
Public works	2,810,836	2,810,836	3,099,642	(288,806)
Community development	856,574	856,574	811,892	44,682
Judicial	-	-	374,263	(374,263)
Debt service:				
Principal	30,000	30,000	124,017	(94,017)
Interest and other charges			7,630	(7,630)
Total expenditures	12,232,900	12,232,900	12,759,642	(526,742)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(252,000)	(252,000)	819,064	1,071,064
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	252,000	252,000	307,331	55,331
Capital leases			262,360	262,360
Total other financing sources	252,000	252,000	569,691	317,691
Net change in fund balances	-	-	1,388,755	1,388,755
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	2,171,524	2,171,524	2,171,524	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,171,524	\$ 2,171,524	\$ 3,560,279	\$ 1,388,755

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Public Utilities Fund	Waste Management Fund	Nonmajor City Auditorium Fund
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,743,950	\$ 72,265	\$ -
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	791,641	319,576	-
Due from other funds	1,315,841	-	
Inventories	49,302	-	
Prepaid expenses			
Total current assets	3,900,734	391,841	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Restricted assets, cash	169	-	-
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	1,062,690	10,352	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	29,562,481	13,657	1,004,587
Total non-current assets	30,625,340	24,009	1,004,587
Total assets	34,526,074	415,850	1,004,587
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	507,404	-	255
Accrued liabilities	11,891	5,109	720
Due to other funds	-	-	9,078
Compensated absences	-	10,791	
Customer deposits payable	231,719	19,677	18,531
Current portion - capital leases	-	-	•
Current portion - loans payable	906,982		
Total current liabilities	1,657,996	35,577	28,584
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Compensated absences	-	25,178	
Capital leases payable, net of current portion	-	-	
Loans payable, net of current portion	3,104,700		
Total non-current liabilities	3,104,700	25,178	
Total liabilities	4,762,696	60,755	28,584
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	26,613,489	24,009	1,004,587
Unrestricted	3,149,889	331,086	(28,584
Total net position	\$ 29,763,378	\$ 355,095	\$ 976,003

	Total	Internal Service Funds
\$	1,816,215 1,111,217	\$ 1,874,990 9,256
	1,315,841 49,302	29,039
	4,292,575	54,000 1,967,285
	169	-
	1,073,042 30,580,725	410,690
_	31,653,936 35,946,511	410,690 2,377,975
	507,659 17,720	899,264 14,817
	9,078 10,791	2,772,260
	269,927 -	102,358
	906,982 1,722,157	3,788,699
	05 470	
	25,178 -	322,112
	3,104,700 3,129,878	322,112 4,110,811
	4,852,035	4,110,011
	27,642,085 3,452,391	- (1,732,836)
\$	31,094,476	\$ (1,732,836)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Public Utilities Fund		Ma	Waste nagement Fund	Nonmajor City Auditorium Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES	Φ.	0.000.000	Φ.	0.005.700	Φ.	45.000
Charges for services	\$	6,833,238	\$	2,635,762	\$	15,000
Other services Total operating revenues		6,833,238		2,635,762	_	15,000
OPERATING EXPENSES						_
Personal services		1,945,281		752,782		8,680
Contractual services		2,591,448		1,451,960		10,092
Utilities		2,001,440		1,401,000		18,071
Repairs and maintenance		232,658		171,232		3,256
Other supplies and expenses		1,117,965		834		362
Insurance claims and expenses		-		12,690		800
Retirement payments		_		-		-
Depreciation		1,215,246		20,485		137,082
Total operating expenses		7,102,598		2,409,983		178,343
Operating income (loss)		(269,360)		225,779		(163,343)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)						
Miscellaneous revenue		-		-		-
Interest income		4,457		-		-
Interest expense		(31,002)		(242)		-
Total non-operating income (expenses)		(26,545)		(242)		-
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		(295,905)		225,537		(163,343)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		306,288				
TRANSFERS						
Transfers out		(62,455)		_		-
Total transfers		(62,455)				-
Change in net position		(52,072)		225,537		(163,343)
Net position, beginning of year		29,815,450		129,558		1,139,346
Net position, end of year	\$	29,763,378	\$	355,095	\$	976,003

	Internal Service
 Total	Funds
\$ 9,484,000	\$ 588,382 4,836,859
 9,484,000	5,425,241
 0,101,000	0,120,211
2,706,743	323,328
4,053,500	43,180
18,071	-
407,146	29,748
1,119,161	-
13,490	3,742,004
-	1,265,356
 1,372,813	103,890
 9,690,924	5,507,506
 (206,924)	(82,265)
-	63,422
4,457	4
 (31,244)	(13,597)
 (26,787)	49,829
(233,711)	(32,436)
 306,288	
(62,455)	_
 (62,455)	
 (= , == /	
10,122	(32,436)
 31,084,354	(1,700,400)
\$ 31,094,476	\$ (1,732,836)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Public Utilities Fund	Waste Management Fund		Nonmajor City Auditorium Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	œ.	7 200 672	Φ.	0.504.204	œ.	1E 000
Receipts from customers and users	\$	7,309,672	\$	2,584,301	\$	15,000
Receipts from other funds for services Payments to suppliers		(3,846,953)		(1,739,900)		(25,064)
Payments to employees						
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(1,945,281) 1,517,438		(752,782) 91,619		(7,960) (18,024)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers out		(62,455)		-		-
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue		-		_		-
Net cash provided by (used in)	-					
non-capital financing activities		(62,455)				-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from the issuance of loans		399,208		-		-
Capital contributions		306,288		-		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,002,400)		-		-
Principal paid on capital leases payable		(9,899)		(19,513)		-
Principal paid on loans payable		(525,403)		-		-
Interest paid		(32,017)		(242)		-
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(864,223)		(19,755)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest revenue		4,457		_		_
Net cash provided by investing activities		4,457		-		-
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		595,217		71,864		(18,024)
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning of year		1,148,902		401		18,024
End of year	\$	1,744,119	\$	72,265	\$	-
Classified as:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,743,950	\$	72,265	\$	-
Restricted assets, cash	<u></u> _	169				-
	\$	1,744,119	\$	72,265	\$	

(Continued)

	Internal
	Internal Service
 Totals	Funds
\$ 9,908,973	\$ 1,904,500 3,311,082
(5,611,917)	(5,131,262)
 (2,706,023)	(323,328)
 1,591,033	(239,008)
 (62,455)	- 63,422
 (62,455)	63,422
	404.000
399,208 306,288	421,988 -
(1,002,400)	(421,988)
(29,412) (525,403)	(90,478)
 (32,259)	(13,597)
 (883,978)	(104,075)
4,457	4
4,457	4
 649,057	(279,657)
1,167,327	2,154,647
\$ 1,816,384	\$ 1,874,990
\$ 1,816,215 169	\$ 1,874,990
\$ 1,816,384	\$ 1,874,990

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Public Utilities Fund	Waste Management Fund		Nonmajor City Auditorium Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(269,360)	\$	225.779	\$	(163,343)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	Ψ	(209,300)	Ψ	223,113	Ψ	(103,343)
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation		1,215,246		20,485		137,082
Changes in assets and liabilities:		, -, -		.,		, , , , ,
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(84,096)		(55,028)		-
Decrease in due from other funds		559,133		-		-
(Increase) in prepaids		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		95,118		(111,793)		(3,686)
Increase in accrued liabilities		-		5,109		720
Increase in compensated absences		-		3,567		-
Increase in customer deposits		1,397		3,500		2,125
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	_	-				9,078
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	1,517,438	\$	91,619	\$	(18,024)

 Total	Internal Service Funds
\$ (206,924)	\$ (82,265)
1,372,813	103,890
(139,124) 559,133	-
-	(54,000)
(20,361)	(50,974)
5,829 3,567	-
7,022	-
9,078	(155,659)
\$ 1,591,033	\$ (239,008)



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Waycross, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Waycross, Georgia was incorporated in 1874 and operates under the leadership of the Mayor, City Manager and City Commission consisting of four members and provides or assists in providing the following services: public safety (police department), highways and streets, public improvements, recreation, and general administrative and other services. In addition, the City operates enterprise funds (water and sewer, waste management, and City Auditorium) for incorporated and immediate surrounding areas.

Standards published by the GASB define the financial reporting entity as: a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially responsible, and c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended. A legally separate entity is required to be included as a component unit if it is fiscally dependent upon the primary government and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship present. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints the voting majority of the organization's governing board and: 1) it is able to impose its will on that organization, or 2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose its will on that organization, or 3) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The financial statements of the City do not include any component units.

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary funds, and internal service funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **2014 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") Fund** accounts for capital projects of the City from resources provided by the 2014 special Ware County 1% sales and use tax.

The *Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("TSPLOST") Fund* accounts for the collection of the transportation special purpose local option sales tax funds collected by Ware County and disbursed to the City. These funds are used for transportation projects as approved by voter referendum.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Public Utilities Fund** accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The **Waste Management Fund** accounts for the operations of solid waste collection and disposal services. All costs are financed through charges to sanitation customers.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets and construction or improvement of major capital projects such as construction of new roads.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the fleet management services, payroll services, retirement, self-funded property and casualty insurance, self-funded workers compensation insurance, and self-funded health insurance provided to departments of the City.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's internal service functions and the other City functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services provided. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual budget is adopted (as required by law) by the City for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to June 30, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 2. Public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The City Commission approves, by ordinance, total budget appropriation and departmental budgets. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts between line items within any department in conjunction with the department head; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any department or fund must be approved by the City Commission. Therefore, the level of budgetary responsibility is by department-level appropriations; however, for reporting purposes, this level has been expanded to a functional basis (General Government, Public Safety, etc.).
- 4. Unused appropriations for all of the above annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 5. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The budget for the General Fund is prepared on the cash and expenses/encumbrances basis. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected; and expenditures, which include encumbrances, are budgeted in the year that applicable purchase orders are expected to be issued. The budget for the Enterprise Fund is adopted under a basis consistent with GAAP, except for that depreciation, certain capital expenses, and certain non-operating income and expense items are not considered. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the special revenue funds. Annual appropriated budgets are also adopted for the following internal service funds; Health Insurance, Liability Insurance, Workers' Compensation Insurance, Retirement Fund, and City Garage Fund.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Commission. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations, which were adopted.

The Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §36-81-3(b) requires an annual balanced budget for the general fund, each special revenue fund and requires a project-length balanced budget for each capital project fund. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City did not adopt annual budgets for the Forfeited Property Fund, Jail Fund, Okefenokee Classic Fund, FEMA Fund, and ATM Machine Fund.

The legal level of budgetary control for the City is at the department level.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Generally, only investments with original maturities of three months or less meet this definition.

F. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government and agencies of corporations of the U.S. Government; obligations of any state; obligations of any political subdivision of any state; certificates of deposit or time deposits of any national state bank or savings and loans which have deposits insured by the FDIC or FSLIC; prime bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia ("Georgia Fund 1"). Georgia Fund 1 was created under O.C.G.A. §36-83-8 and is a stable asset value investment pool, which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds and is regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The Georgia Fund 1's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The Georgia Fund 1 distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The Georgia Fund 1 also adjusts the value of its investments to fair market value as of yearend and the City's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is reported at fair value. The City considers amounts held in Georgia Fund 1 as investments for financial statement presentation.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market using the weighted average method. The City accounts for inventory on the purchase basis. Prepaid expenses are accounted for using the consumption method. A prepaid item is recognized when a cash expenditure is made for goods or services that were purchased for consumption, but not consumed as of June 30.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". Long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25 – 50
Machinery and equipment	5 – 10
Vehicles	5 – 10
Infrastructure	20 – 35

J. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as deferred charges, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is not materially different than the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to service already rendered and it is probable the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported. For enterprise funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

L. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balances – Generally, fund balances represent the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Non-spendable Fund balances are reported as non-spendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Commission may modify or rescind the commitment.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Balances (Continued) -

- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the
 City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through
 resolution, the City Commission has authorized the City Manager or City Finance Director to
 assign fund balances.
- **Unassigned** Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balances only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balances are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balances, it is the City's policy to use fund balances in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balances as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. All of these items relate to the City's Retirement Plan and are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Experience differences result from periodic studies by the City's actuary, which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience differences are recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of the plan members. Changes in actuarial assumptions, which adjust the net pension liability, are also recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. Additionally, any contributions made by the City to the pension plan, before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the City's net pension liability, are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balances that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, one of which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The other item relates to the City's Retirement Plan and is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments is deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five-year period, resulting in recognition as deferred inflows of resources.

O. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Waycross Retirement Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2. DEFICIT NET POSITION

The following funds had deficit net positions at June 30, 2021:

	Net P	osition Deficit
Internal Service Funds:		
Health Insurance Fund	\$	2,640,676
Workers' Compensation Fund		230,699
Warehouse Fund		27,364
Payroll Fund		12,305
Enterprise Fleet Management Fund		20,031

The net position deficits will be reduced through General Fund and Public Utility Fund transfers.

NOTE 3. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the following departments of the General Fund had excess of actual expenditures over appropriations. The over-expenditures were funded by excess revenues over appropriations.

	 Excess
General Fund:	
Public safety	\$ 20,753
Public works	288,806
Judicial	374,263
Debt service	101,647

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits was \$16,978,496 and the respective bank balances totaled \$23,503,607. The bank balances were collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the government's name.

As of June 30, 2021, the City's carrying amount of deposits, related bank balances, and other cash were as follows:

Amounts as presented on the entity-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,978,496
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ 16,978,496

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has a policy to reduce its exposure to this risk by requiring deposits to be collateralized in accordance with State law. As of June 30, 2021, the City's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

A. Accounts Receivable

Receivables as of June 30, 2021, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts for governmental funds, are as follows:

				2014			N	onmajor		
	General		General SPLOST		TSPLOST		Governmental		Total	
Receivables:										
Taxes	\$	336,912	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	336,912
Accounts		171,672		-		-		-		171,672
Intergovernmental		320,335		660		341,839		-		662,834
Other		-		-		-		84,350		84,350
Gross receivables		828,919		660		341,839		84,350		1,255,768
Less: allowance for										
uncollectibles		(81,565)		_		-		-		(81,565)
Net total receivables	\$	747,354	\$	660	\$	341,839	\$	84,350	\$	1,174,203

Receivables as of June 30, 2021, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts for business-type funds, are as follows:

		Public Waste Utilities Management		Internal Service		Total		
Receivables:	φ.	1 000 911	•	257.000	Φ.	0.256	¢	1 269 065
Accounts	<u> </u>	1,000,811	<u> </u>	357,998	\$	9,256	\$	1,368,065
Gross receivables Less: allowance for		1,000,811		357,998		9,256		1,368,065
uncollectibles		(209,170)		(38,422)		-		(247,592)
Net total receivables	\$	791,641	\$	319,576	\$	9,256	\$	1,120,473

B. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable on or before December 1. The City's taxes are billed and collected by the Ware County Tax Commissioner. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied. An allowance is established for delinquent taxes to the extent that the taxes are not collectible.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

C. Hotel/Motel Lodging Taxes

The City is required to disburse funds received from the collection of hotel/motel taxes pursuant to O.C.G.A. §48-13- 51(a)(3.7). The tax rate is 5% and is levied on a monthly basis. The City received \$368,746 from the collection of the hotel/motel tax during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The City disbursed \$278,550 for the promotion of tourism. Lodging tax funds in the amount of \$244,876 were transferred to the General Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,099,609	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,099,609
Construction in progress	2,337,147	4,418,725	-		6,755,872
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	7,436,756	4,418,725	<u> </u>		11,855,481
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	10,670,468	-	(10,453)	-	10,660,015
Machinery and equipment	4,646,578	165,199	-	-	4,811,777
Vehicles	5,932,254	421,988	(41,632)	-	6,312,610
Infrastructure	39,238,738	179,608	-	-	39,418,346
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	60,488,038	766,795	(52,085)		61,202,748
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(5,127,413)	(205,036)	10,453	-	(5,321,996)
Machinery and equipment	(3,538,034)	(256,440)	-	-	(3,794,474)
Vehicles	(5,188,503)	(344,290)	41,632	-	(5,491,161)
Infrastructure	(30,599,611)	(516,054)	-	-	(31,115,665)
Total accumulated depreciation	(44,453,561)	(1,321,820)	52,085		(45,723,296)
Total capital assets, being	•				
depreciated, net	16,034,477	(555,025)	<u> </u>		15,479,452
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 23,471,233	\$ 3,863,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,334,933

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, the internal service funds capital assets are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, internal service fund capital assets with a net book value of \$410,690 are included in the above amounts.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and improvements	\$ 235,859	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 235,859
Construction in progress	148,981	837,183		(148,981)	837,183
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	384,840	837,183		(148,981)	1,073,042
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	12,194,323	-	-	-	12,194,323
Machinery and equipment	4,946,171	111,317	-	-	5,057,488
Vehicles	863,874	-	-	-	863,874
Infrastructure	56,146,325	53,900	-	148,981	56,349,206
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated	74,150,693	165,217		148,981	74,464,891
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(8,387,555)	(282,497)	-	-	(8,670,052)
Machinery and equipment	(4,500,129)	(89,387)	-	-	(4,589,516)
Vehicles	(829,732)	(62,658)	-	-	(892,390)
Infrastructure	(28,793,937)	(938,271)	-	-	(29,732,208)
Total accumulated depreciation	(42,511,353)	(1,372,813)		-	(43,884,166)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	31,639,340	(1,207,596)		148,981	30,580,725
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 32,024,180	\$ (370,413)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,653,767

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	211,900
Public safety		423,878
Public works		668,837
Community development		17,205
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	1,321,820
Business-type activities:		
Public utilities	\$	1,215,246
Waste management		20,485
City auditorium		137,082
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	Φ	1,372,813
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	1,372,013

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

		Beginning Balance	 AdditionsReductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities:									
Capital leases	\$	333,790	\$ 684,347	\$	(223, 128)	\$	795,009	\$	236,054
Notes payable		492,500	-		(30,000)		462,500		30,000
Net pension liability		7,178,700	3,550,383		(3,439,485)		7,289,598		-
Compensated absences		519,300	232,107		(185,551)		565,856		169,757
Governmental activity					•	_			•
Long-term liabilities	\$	8,524,290	\$ 4,466,837	\$	(3,878,164)	\$	9,112,963	\$	435,811
Business-type activities:	·		 _		_		_		
Capital leases	\$	29,412	\$ -	\$	(29,412)	\$	-	\$	-
Loans payable		4,137,877	399,208		(525,403)		4,011,682		906,982
Compensated absences		32,402	27,184		(23,617)		35,969		10,791
Business-type activity		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,				
Long-term liabilities	\$	4,199,691	\$ 426,392	\$	(578,432)	\$	4,047,651	\$	917,773

Liabilities for compensated absences are liquidated using resources from the fund in which the employee terminating service previously charged their salary and benefits to, which is the General Fund, Cemetery Fund, and Waste Management Fund. The net pension liability is liquidated by the General Fund.

B. Notes and Loans Payable

Business-type Activities Loans:

In October 1998, the City entered into a loan agreement (98-L68WJ) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for certain water and sewer projects for a total amount of \$2,000,000. Repayment is over 80 quarterly payments beginning September 1, 2001 at 4.1%. The loan was paid off during the current fiscal year.

In August 2000, the City entered into a loan program (CWSRF 00-001) with the Georgia Department of Natural Resources and the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for certain sewer improvements for a total amount of \$935,467. Repayment is over 78 quarterly payments at 3% beginning September 1, 2002. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance of this loan was \$65,087 and quarterly payments are \$16,124. This loan is to be repaid from revenues of the Water and Sewer System; however, the obligation to repay this loan is a general obligation of the City to which it has dedicated its general power of taxation.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Notes and Loans Payable (Continued)

Business-type Activities Loans (Continued):

In September 2000, the City entered into a loan agreement (2000-L36WJ) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for sewer improvements for a total amount of \$9,815,000. Repayment is over 80 quarterly payments beginning October 1, 2002 at 2%. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance was \$925,188 and quarterly payments are \$154,018. This loan is to be repaid from revenues of the Water and Sewer System; however, the obligation to repay this loan is a general obligation of the City.

In June 2003, the City entered into a loan agreement (CWSRF-00-020) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for certain water and sewer projects. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance was \$780,986. Repayment is over 80 quarterly payments of \$34,376 at 3%. This loan is to be repaid from revenues of the Water and Sewer System; however, the obligation to repay this loan is a general obligation of the City.

In November 2009, the City entered into a loan agreement (CW09071PF60) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for the construction of a litter trap. The total amount received was \$120,785 as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA"). The ARRA funds will help finance water system improvements through a low-interest loan in the amount of \$47,393 and a subsidy of \$80,400. The loan was paid off during the current fiscal year.

In October 2016, the City entered into a loan agreement (DW2016005) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for replacement of existing water meters with an advanced metering infrastructure system ("AMI") and software upgrades. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance was \$1,841,213. Repayment is over 180 monthly payments of \$11,340 at .65%.

In May 2020, the City entered into a loan agreement (DW2020009) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority to install a water main and related appurtenances. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance was \$24,803. This loan is still in the drawdown phase, therefore maturities are not available and not presented below.

In November 2020, the City entered into a loan agreement (CW2020002) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for upgrades to the Waycross Wastewater Treatment Plant. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance was \$374,405. This loan is still in the drawdown phase, therefore maturities are not available and not presented below.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Notes and Loans Payable (Continued)

Business-type Activities Loans (Continued):

Debt service requirements to maturities on these loans, including interest, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Payable		Total	Principal		l Principal			Interest
2022	\$	955,934	\$	906,982	\$	48,952		
2023	•	599,472	*	567,483	*	31,989		
2024		273,583		248,581		25,002		
2025		273,584		253,119		20,465		
2026		273,584		257,775		15,809		
2027 – 2031		852,275		819,480		32,795		
2032 – 2036		566,813		559,054		7,759		
	\$	3,795,245	\$	3,612,474	\$	182,771		

Governmental Activities Note:

In March 2010, the City entered into an agreement with BC Waycross Associates, LLP to finance construction of storm water infrastructure and a regional storm water retention pond on the owner's property to accept off-site storm water runoff and render owner's property suitable for development. The total amount financed of \$800,000 is due in 320 monthly payments of \$2,500 beginning March 15, 2010 at 0% interest. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance on this loan was \$462,500.

Debt service requirements to maturities on this loan are as follows:

-	Total		Total Principal		oal In	
\$	30,000 30,000	\$	30,000 30,000	\$	-	
	30,000		30,000		-	
	150,000 150,000		150,000 150,000		-	
\$	12,500 462,500	\$	12,500 462,500	\$	-	
		\$ 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 150,000 150,000 12,500	\$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 30,000 30,000 150,000 12,500	\$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 12,500 12,500	\$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 150,000 150,000 12,500 12,500	

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Notes and Loans Payable (Continued)

Capital Leases

The City has entered into various lease agreements as lessee to finance various machinery and equipment. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The following is a summary of equipment leased under capital lease agreements by the City as of June 30, 2021.

	Governmental Activities			
Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	898,046 (585,136)		
Carrying value	\$	312,910		

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under these capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2021:

Fiscal Year Ending	Governmenta Activities		
2022	\$	259,945	
2023		243,577	
2024		204,993	
2025		143,543	
2026		21,401	
Total minimum lease payments		873,459	
Less amount representing interest		(78,450)	
Present value of future minimum			
lease payments		795,009	
Less current maturities		(236,054)	
	\$	558,955	
		·	

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City, as authorized by the City Commission, has established a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan, the City of Waycross Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), covering substantially all of the City's employees. The City's pension plan is administered through the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System ("GMEBS"), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided by the Plan whereby retirees receive between 1% and 1.75% multiplied by the average of the five highest years of regular earnings multiplied by the total credited years of service. The City Commission, in its role as the Plan sponsor, has the governing authority to establish and amend from time to time, the benefits provided and the contribution rates of the City and its employees. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained at www.gmanet.com or by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

Plan membership. As of January 1, 2021, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	188
Inactive plan members entitled to, but not receiving benefits	75
Active plan members	177
Total	440

Contributions. The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the Plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the Plan. The funding policy for the Plan, as adopted by the City Commission, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members, as determined by the City Commission. City contributions to the Plan were \$1,389,624 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020, with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of September 30, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.25%, plus service based merit increases

Investment rate of return 7.375%

The mortality table for healthy retirees and beneficiaries was changed from the gender-distinct RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, set forward two years in age for males and one year for females to the gender-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions (Continued). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term expected real
Asset class	allocation	rate of return*
Domestic equity	45 %	6.40%
International equity	20	7.05
Domestic fixed income	20	1.15
Real estate	10	4.50
Global fixed income	5	1.25
Cash		
Total	100 %	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.25% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the City. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability		F	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Paginning Palance	ф.	(a)	<u></u>	(b)	Φ.	(a) - (b)	
Beginning Balance	\$	30,651,260	\$	23,472,560	\$	7,178,700	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		206,161		-		206,161	
Interest		2,199,324		-		2,199,324	
Differences between expected and							
actual experience		1,099,881		-		1,099,881	
Contributions – employer		-		1,211,976		(1,211,976)	
Net investment income		-		2,227,509		(2,227,509)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(2,072,149)		(2,072,149)		-	
Administrative expense				(45,017)		45,017	
Net changes		1,433,217		1,322,319		110,898	
Ending Balance	\$	32,084,477	\$	24,794,879	\$	7,289,598	

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.375%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.375%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.375%) than the current rate:

		Current						
	1% Decrease (6.375%)		Discount Rate (7.375%)			1% Increase (8.375%)		
City's net pension liability	\$	10,822,946	\$	7,289,598	\$	4,313,543		

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of September 30, 2020, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

C. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,093,414. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	286,303	
Differences between expected and actual experience		986,480		-	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		728,446		-	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		914,517			
Total	\$	2,629,443	\$	286,303	

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$914,517 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 437,212
2023	718,208
2024	379,160
2025	 (105,957)
Total	\$ 1,428,623

NOTE 9. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2021, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded.

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Due To					
	Public General Utilities			Total		
Due From						
Internal service funds	\$	1,460,714	\$	1,311,546	\$	2,772,260
Nonmajor proprietary fund		4,783		4,295		9,078
Total	\$	1,465,497	\$	1,315,841	\$	2,781,338

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services. Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended are recorded as transfers and are reported as other financial sources (uses) in the Governmental Funds and transfers section in the Proprietary Funds.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	 ransfer To
	General
Transfer From	
Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 244,876
Public Utilities	62,455
Total	\$ 307,331

NOTE 10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with IRS Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The City funds are amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, at the direction of the covered employee, through investments in fixed and variable annuity contracts underwritten by Nationwide Life Insurance Company.

NOTE 10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

In accordance with current GASB pronouncements, the deferred compensation plan is no longer included in the financial statements. Plan assets are held in trust for the benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries and will not be diverted for any other purpose. Amendments to the laws governing Section 457, deferred compensation plans, substantially became effective January 1, 1997.

NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City has participated in a number of federally assisted grant programs, principal of which are the FEMA Grant, EIP Revolving Loan, and CDBG Grants. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could result in request for reimbursement by the Federal and State agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by granting agencies cannot be determined at this time; although, the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. The City estimates that the potential claims from the pending lawsuits against the City, not covered by insurance, would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 12. JOINT VENTURES

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the 18-county South Georgia area, is a member of the Southern Georgia Regional Development Commission ("SGRC") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City paid \$17,611 in such dues. Membership in the SGRC is required by the O.C.G.A. §50- 8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the Regional Commissions ("RC") in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes elected officials from member counties and cities and nonpublic appointed members. The law defines RCs as "public agencies and instrumentalities of their members". Georgia laws also provide that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC beyond its resources. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Southern Georgia Regional Commission 1725 South Georgia Parkway Waycross, Georgia 31503

The Housing Authority of the City of Waycross, Georgia is considered a related organization based upon the criteria in GASB Statement 14, as amended. The Housing Authority is a legally separate entity having a board composed of a majority of members appointed originally by the City. The City is not able to impose its will upon the Housing Authority and a financial benefit/burden relationship does not exist between them. Therefore, based upon the criteria above, the Housing Authority of the City of Waycross, Georgia is a related organization.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During the fiscal year 1992, the City established internal service funds to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The City maintains commercial insurance coverage covering general liability claims and property damage claims.

In January 1992, the City established a limited risk program for workers' compensation. The City hired Corvel Corporation as administrator for this program. The plan provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$350,000 for each worker's compensation claim. The City purchases commercial insurance for these claims in excess of coverage provided by these funds and for all other insignificant risks of loss. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the commercial coverages.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the funds based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses.

Also, the City has established an internal service fund to account for its self-insurance program relating to workers' compensation insurance. The purpose of this fund is to pay worker's compensation claims for the city employees while minimizing the total costs to the municipality. The City maintains a stop-loss policy with a private insurance company. City officials believe that the reserve in this fund is adequate to cover any incurred, but not reported, losses through the statement date. Changes in the claims liability amount in the fiscal years 2019 – 2021 were:

Fiscal Year	Beg	Balance ginning of scal Year	Claims and Changes in Estimates		F	Claim Payments	Balance End of Fiscal Year		
2019	\$	71,477	\$	3,149,659	\$	2,473,648	\$	747,488	
2020		747,488		2,778,272		2,639,121		886,639	
2021		886,639		2,162,539		2,162,673		886,505	

NOTE 14. FUND EQUITY

The City's fund balances at June 30, 2021 are classified as follows:

Non-spendable – The following fund balances are non-spendable because they are allocated to:

General Fund: Inventories	\$ 32,171
WPD Info Technology Fund: Prepaids	 4,996
Total Non-spendable	\$ 37,167

NOTE 14. FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Restricted – The following fund balances are restricted for:

Special Revenue Funds:

Cemetery Fund - used to account for funds that accumulated for cemetery improvements and expansion.	\$ 1,221
Forfeited Property Fund - used to account for funds received from property forfeitures.	59,608
Jail Fund - used to account for vending revenue of the jail.	1,099
EIP Revolving Loan Fund - used to account for revolving loans issued to local businesses.	111,912
Waycross Fire Dept. Fund - used to account for contributions and miscellaneous grants received for the purpose of the fire department.	8,645
FEMA Grants Fund - used to account for the expenditure and reimbursement of FEMA grant funds.	565
Misc Grants Fund - used to account for the expenditure and reimbursement of various grant funds.	22,294
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - used to account for hotel/motel tax revenues.	107,727
ATM Machine Fund - used to account for fees earned at the ATM Machine.	 1,874
Total Restricted for Special Revenue	\$ 314,945

NOTE 14. FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Restricted (Continued) – The following fund balances are restricted for:

O 11 1	- .		
Capital	Proie	ct Funds:	

SPLOST 2008 – 2013 Fund - used to account for capital projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax.	\$ 116
SPLOST 2014 Fund - used to account for capital projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax.	2,001,455
TSPLOST Fund - used to account for capital projects financed with transportation special purpose local option sales tax.	8,601,605
LMIG Fund - used to account for capital projects financed with Georgia DOT local maintenance improvement program.	419,090
Total Restricted for Capital Projects	\$ 11,022,266
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 11,337,211
<u>Committed</u> – The following fund balances are committed to:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Community Development Fund - used to account for miscellaneous revenues that are committed to community development expenditures.	\$ 59,755
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ 59,755
Assigned – The following fund balances are assigned to:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
WPD Info Technology Fund - used to account for fines and forfeitures that are restricted for the use of police department information technology expenditures.	\$ 13,953
Okefenokee Classic Fund - used to account for activity involving Okefenokee classic and related community events.	43,237
Misc Fund - used to account for donations for the purpose of upkeep and improvements to Henry Walker Park.	5,180
Fallen Firefighter Scholarship Fund - used to account for donations for the purpose of awarding scholarships.	 9,797
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 72,167

NOTE 14. FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

<u>Unassigned</u> – The City's policy is to maintain an adequate General Fund unassigned balance to provide liquidity in the event of economic downturn or natural disaster.

The following balances are unassigned:

General Fund\$ 3,528,108Total Unassigned Fund Balance\$ 3,528,108

NOTE 15. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

In fiscal year 2021, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on: 1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity, and 2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The City restated beginning governmental activities net position and beginning fund balances for the General Fund and the Forfeited Property Fund for the cumulative effect of this accounting change. These changes are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Fund balance, General Fund, as previously reported	\$	2,044,335
Prior period adjustment - implementation of GASB No. 84		127,189
Fund balance, General Fund, as restated	\$	2,171,524
	•	000 000
Fund balance, nonmajor governmental funds, as previously reported	\$	982,368
Prior period adjustment - implementation of GASB No. 84		38,680
Fund balance, nonmajor governmental funds, as restated	\$	1,021,048
Net position, governmental activities, as previously reported	\$	30,126,166
Prior period adjustment - implementation of GASB No. 84		165,869
Net position, governmental activities, as restated	\$	30,292,035

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

		2021	2020		2019
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$	206,161	\$ 198,141	\$	192,647
Interest on total pension liability		2,199,324	2,080,959		2,040,414
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,099,881	323,138		74,368
Changes of assumptions		-	-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,072,149)	(1,911,684)		(1,632,975)
Other		<u> </u>	 1,456,891		<u>-</u>
Net change in total pension liability		1,433,217	2,147,445		674,454
Total manaion liability, haginaing		20 654 260	20 502 045		27 220 264
Total pension liability - beginning		30,651,260	 28,503,815	-	27,829,361
Total pension liability - ending (a)		32,084,477	 30,651,260		28,503,815
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer		1,211,976	1,252,633		1,155,866
Net investment income		2,227,509	684,686		2,149,941
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,072,149)	(1,911,684)		(1,632,975)
Administrative expenses		(45,017)	(43,141)		(46,405)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,322,319	(17,506)		1,626,427
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		23,472,560	23,490,066		21,863,639
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	24,794,879	23,472,560	_	23,490,066
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,289,598	\$ 7,178,700	\$	5,013,749
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the					
total pension liability		77.3%	76.6%		82.4%
Covered payroll	\$	6,504,087	\$ 5,852,603	\$	6,590,887
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		112.1%	122.7%		76.1%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

2018		8 2017		2016	2015		
\$	225,540	\$	207,015	\$ 227,258	\$ 251,053		
	1,990,517		1,892,540	1,792,817	1,793,391		
	227,231		720,404	750,194	7,838		
	-		-	-	(652,628)		
	(1,592,095)		(1,519,404)	(1,447,622)	(1,366,508)		
	498,035			 	 		
	1,349,228		1,300,555	1,322,647	33,146		
	26,480,133		25,179,578	23,856,931	23,823,785		
	27,829,361		26,480,133	 25,179,578	 23,856,931		
	1,295,082		1,052,861	1,271,784	1,346,236		
	2,888,955		1,970,741	215,191	1,828,654		
	(1,592,095)		(1,519,404)	(1,447,622)	(1,366,508)		
	(49,773)		(29,741)	 (33,233)	 (26,282)		
	2,542,169		1,474,457	6,120	1,782,100		
	19,321,470		17,847,013	 17,840,893	 16,058,793		
	21,863,639		19,321,470	 17,847,013	 17,840,893		
\$	5,965,722	\$	7,158,663	\$ 7,332,565	\$ 6,016,038		
	78.6%		73.0%	70.9%	74.8%		
\$	6,483,790	\$	7,006,241	\$ 6,658,368	\$ 6,733,231		
	92.0%		102.2%	110.1%	89.3%		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	 2021	2020	 2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,389,624	\$ 1,265,356	\$ 1,201,300
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	1,389,624	 1,265,356	 1,201,300
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered employee payroll	\$ 6,504,087	\$ 5,852,603	\$ 6,590,887
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.4%	21.6%	18.2%

Notes to the Schedule:

Valuation Date January 1, 2021
Cost Method Projected Unit Credit

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the

assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amounts that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at the end of the year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if

necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

Assumed Rate of Return

On Investments 7.375%

Projected Salary Increases 2.25%, plus service based merit increases

Cost-of-living Adjustment 0.00%

Amortization Method Closed level dollar for unfunded liability

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

 2018		2017		2016		2015
\$ 1,262,900	\$	\$ 1,175,945 \$ 1,142,494		\$ 1,142,494		1,313,925
 1,262,900		1,173,157		1,047,286		1,314,801
\$ 	\$	2,788	\$	95,208	\$	(876)
\$ 6,483,790	\$	7,006,241	\$	6,658,368	\$	6,733,231
19.5% 16.7%			15.7%		19.5%	

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Cemetery Fund accounts for the revenues received for the upkeep of cemetery lots within the City.

The **Forfeited Property Fund** accounts for confiscated and condemned funds received and disbursed for law enforcement expenditures.

The **Jail Fund** accounts for revenues collected by the imposition of a 10% add-on fine as provided for by the Georgia Jail Construction and Staffing Act.

The WPD Info Technology Fund accounts for fees collected for information technology.

The **Community Development Fund** accounts for the receipt and expenditures of monies received from community block grants for improvements to the community.

The EIP Revolving Loan Fund accounts the operations of the City's revolving loans for various activities.

The Waycross Fire Dept. Fund accounts for the activity of the City's fire department.

The Okefenokee Classic Fund accounts for activities for the Okefenokee Classic.

The **FEMA Grants Fund** accounts for the federal grant monies received from the Federal Emergency Management Association.

The Miscellaneous Grants Fund accounts for grants that are not significant in nature.

The Hotel/Motel Tax Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for hotel/motel taxes collected by the City.

The Miscellaneous Fund accounts for miscellaneous items not associated with any existing funds.

The Fallen Firefighters Scholarship Fund accounts for scholarship monies raised for fallen firefighters.

The ATM Machine Fund accounts for fees earned at the ATM Machine.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The **LMIG Fund** accounts for local maintenance and improvements grants received by the City.

The **SPLOST 2008 – 2013 Fund** accounts for the special one cent sales tax revenues that are specifically restricted to various capital improvements within the City limits.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

					S	pecial Re	venu	e Funds				
		emetery Fund	•	orfeited Property Fund		Jail Fund	-	/PD Info chnology Fund		ommunity velopment Fund		EIP levolving oan Fund
ASSETS	Φ.	4 004	Φ.	00.444	Φ.	4 000	•	40.050	Φ.	50.755	Φ.	00.007
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses	\$	1,221	\$	63,111	\$	1,099	\$	12,359 4,996	\$	59,755	\$	60,607
Other receivable		-		-		-		1,594		-		51,305
Total assets	\$	1,221	\$	63,111	\$	1,099	\$	18,949	\$	59,755	\$	111,912
	Ť	,	Ť	,	_	.,	Ť		Ť		Ť	,.
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable and accrued												
liabilities	\$		\$	3,503	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities		_		3,503		-						-
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		4,996		-		-
Restricted		1,221		59,608		1,099		-		-		111,912
Committed		-		-		-		-		59,755		-
Assigned		-		-		-		13,953		-		-
Total fund balances		1,221		59,608		1,099		18,949		59,755		111,912
Total liabilities and												
fund balances	\$	1,221	\$	63,111	\$	1,099	\$	18,949	\$	59,755	\$	111,912

(Continued)

					Special Re	even	ue Funds					
Fi	aycross re Dept. Fund	efenokee Classic Fund	G	EMA rants und	Misc Grants Fund	H	otel/Motel Tax Fund	Misc Fund	Fallen Firefighters Scholarship			
\$	8,645	\$ 41,512	\$	565	\$ 19,794	\$	81,577	\$ 5,180	\$	9,797	\$	23,474
\$	8,645	\$ 1,725 43,237	\$	565	\$ 2,500 22,294	\$	27,226 108,803	\$ 5,180	\$	9,797	\$	23,474
\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	1,076 1,076	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	21,600 21,600
	- 8,645	-		- 565	- 22,294		- 107,727	- -		-		- 1,874
	-	- 43,237		-	-		-	5,180		- 9,797		-
	8,645	43,237		565	22,294		107,727	5,180		9,797		1,874
\$	8,645	\$ 43,237	\$	565	\$ 22,294	\$	108,803	\$ 5,180	\$	9,797	\$	23,474

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Capital F	roject Funds	
	LMIG Fund	SPLOST 2008-2013 Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 466,128	\$ 116	\$ 854,940
Prepaid expenses	-	-	4,996
Other receivable	-	-	84,350
Total assets	\$ 466,128	\$ 116	\$ 944,286
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 47,038	\$ -	\$ 73,217
Total liabilities	47,038		73,217
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	-	-	4,996
Restricted	419,090	116	734,151
Committed	-	-	59,755
Assigned	-	-	72,167
Total fund balances	419,090	116	871,069
Total liabilities and			
fund balances	\$ 466,128	\$ 116	\$ 944,286

(Concluded)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					8	Special Re	venu	e Funds			
	C.	emetery Fund		Forfeited Property Fund		Jail Fund		/PD Info chnology Fund	Dev	mmunity elopment Fund	EIP evolving oan Fund
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Fees		-		29,168		=		11,621		-	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-	-
Interest revenue		-		-		=		-		-	7,371
Other revenues		-		-		5,118		-		4,447	2,249
Total revenues		-		29,168		5,118		11,621		4,447	9,620
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government		_		-		_		-		-	_
Public safety		-		16,627		4,781		-		-	-
Public works		-		-		· -		-		-	-
Community development		-		-		_		-		-	_
Capital outlay		-		-		-		6,455		-	-
Total expenditures		-		16,627		4,781		6,455			-
Excess (deficiency) of											
revenues over (under)											
expenditures				12,541		337		5,166		4,447	9,620
Other financing uses											
Transfers out		-		-		_		-		-	-
Total other financing											
uses											-
Net change in fund											
balances		-		12,541		337		5,166		4,447	9,620
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year, as restated		1,221		47.067		762		13,783		55,308	102,292
		,	_	,			_	-,		,	 - ,
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,221	\$	59,608	\$	1,099	\$	18,949	\$	59,755	\$ 111,912

(Continued)

Fire	cross Dept. und	Okefenokee Classic Fund	(EMA Grants Fund	 Misc Grants Fund	H-	otel/Motel Tax Fund	Misc Fund	Fir	Fallen efighters nolarship	М	ATM lachine Fund
;	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	368,746	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	500	-		-	-		-	-		-		•
	-	-		-	242,110		-	-		-		
	4 604	-		-	2		-	1		-		7 00
	4,681 5,181				 242,112		368,746	 <u>-</u> 1		<u>-</u>		7,800 7,804
	-	-		-	-		-	-		-		5,098
	-	-		-	-		-	-		-		
	-	-		-	181,595		-	-		-		
	-	-		-	64,200		278,550	-		4,000		
				-	 245,795	_	278,550	 		4,000		5,09
		-			210,100		270,000			1,000		0,000
	5,181		_		 (3,683)		90,196	 1		(4,000)		2,70
			_	-			(244,876)			_		
					 		(244,876)	 				
	5,181	-		-	(3,683)		(154,680)	1		(4,000)		2,70
	3,464	43,237		565	25,977		262,407	5,179		13,797		(83
;	8,645	\$ 43,237	\$	565	\$ 22,294	\$	107,727	\$ 5,180	\$	9,797	\$	1,87

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Capital Pr	oject Funds	_
	LMIG Fund	SPLOST 2008-2013 Fund	Total
Revenues	_		
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 368,746
Fees	-	-	41,289
Intergovernmental	232,839	-	474,949
Interest revenue	-	-	7,378
Other revenues	-		24,295
Total revenues	232,839		916,657
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	-	-	5,098
Public safety	-	-	21,408
Public works	-	-	181,595
Community development	-	-	346,750
Capital outlay	260,454_		266,909
Total expenditures	260,454		821,760
Excess (deficiency) of			
revenues over (under)			
expenditures	(27,615)		94,897
Other financing uses			
Transfers out	-	-	(244,876)
Total other financing			
uses			(244,876)
Net change in fund			
balances	(27,615)	-	(149,979)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year, as restated	446,705	116	1,021,048
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 419,090	\$ 116	\$ 871,069

(Concluded)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS – 2008-2013 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Original		Current		Exp	enditures	
	1	Estimated		Estimated	Prior	С	urrent	
Project Description	· <u>-</u>	Cost	_	Cost	 Years		Year	 Total
Roads and streets	\$	5,381,812	\$	5,381,812	\$ 3,739,852	\$	-	\$ 3,739,852
Public buildings		3,600,000		3,600,000	4,107,809		-	4,107,809
Information technology		75,000		75,000	60,921		-	60,921
Water and sewer rehabilitation								
and expansion		2,000,000		2,000,000	1,132,751		-	1,132,751
Fire and special purpose vehicles		1,350,000		1,369,332	1,369,332		-	1,369,332
Property acquisition and demolition		600,000		600,000	133,908		-	133,908
Downtown Development Authority		500,000		500,000	 387,259			 387,259
	\$	13,506,812	\$	13,526,144	\$ 10,931,832	\$	_	\$ 10,931,832

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS – 2014 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original	Revised			Е	xpenditures	
	Estimated	Estimated		Prior		Current	
Project Description	 Cost	 Cost		Years		Year	 Total
Roads, streets and bridge							
improvements and equipment	\$ 5,740,000	\$ 5,740,000	\$	3,619,316	\$	293,444	\$ 3,912,760
Water and sewer rehabilitation Public facility improvements,	1,000,000	1,000,000		885,523		105,378	990,901
demolition and acquisition	6,422,000	6,422,000		3,431,999		2,307,533	5,739,532
Public safety and special						, ,	
purpose vehicle fleet	1,500,000	1,500,000		1,424,400		-	1,424,400
City park improvements	435,000	435,000		150,388		90,263	240,651
Development authority construction, infrastructure							
economic development	250,000	250,000		73,782		108,936	182,718
Information technology equipment, software							
and training	 125,000	 125,000	_	157,887			 157,887
	\$ 15,472,000	\$ 15,472,000	\$	9,743,295	\$	2,905,554	\$ 12,648,849

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original	Revised		Е	xpenditures	
Project Description	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost	Prior Years	_	Current Year	Total
Roads, streets and bridge improvements and equipment	\$ 1,694,606	\$ 1,706,401	\$ 1,084,772	\$	1,611,967	\$ 2,696,739
	\$ 1,694,606	\$ 1,706,401	\$ 1,084,772	\$	1,611,967	\$ 2,696,739
	Regional TSPI (FY21 TSPLO	OST expenditures	\$	1,611,967 207,531	
	Regional Torte	201 experiultures in	ot illoluded above	\$	1,819,498	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The Health Insurance Fund accounts for health insurance provided to departments of the City.

The **Workers' Compensation Fund** accounts for workers' compensation insurance provided to departments of the City.

The Liability Insurance Fund accounts for liability insurance provided to departments of the City.

The Retirement Fund accounts for retirement costs provided to departments of the City.

The **Payroll Fund** accounts for payroll services provided to departments of the City.

The Warehouse Fund accounts for storage of certain supplies and materials for the City's use.

The City Garage Fund accounts for fleet management services provided to departments of the City.

The Enterprise Fleet Management Fund accounts for fleets leasing of vehicles.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	I	Health nsurance Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	on	iability surance Fund
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,995	\$ 601,8	306	\$ 684,242
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		9,256		-	-
Prepaid expenses		-	54,0	000	-
Inventories					 -
Total current assets		36,251	655,8	306	 684,242
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Capital assets, depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		-			_
Total non-current assets		_		-	_
Total assets		36,251	655,8	306	 684,242
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		504	886,	505	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-	-
Due to other funds		2,676,423		-	-
Current portion - capital leases					
Total current liabilities		2,676,927	886,	505	 -
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Capital leases payable, net of current portion		-		-	-
Total non-current liabilities		-		-	-
Total liabilities		2,676,927	886,	505	-
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted		(2,640,676)	(230,	699)	684,242
Total net position	\$	(2,640,676)	\$ (230,6	399)	\$ 684,242

R	etirement Fund	Payı Fur		rehouse Fund	Ci	ty Garage Fund		terprise Management Fund	Inte	Total ernal Service Funds
\$	398,479	\$	1,564	\$ 60,273	\$	101,631	\$	-	\$	1,874,990
	-		-	-		-		-		9,256
	-		-	-		-		-		54,000
			-	 		29,039		_		29,039
	398,479		1,564	60,273		130,670	_	-		1,967,285
	-		-	-		-		410,690		410,690
	-		-	-		-		410,690		410,690
	398,479		1,564	60,273		130,670		410,690		2,377,975
	_		11,831	89		335		_		899,264
	-		-	-		14,817		-		14,817
	-		2,038	87,548		-		6,251		2,772,260
				 		-		102,358		102,358
			13,869	 87,637		15,152		108,609		3,788,699
	-		_	-		-		322,112		322,112
								322,112		322,112
	-		13,869	 87,637		15,152		430,721		4,110,811
	398,479		(12,305)	(27,364)		115,518		(20,031)		(1,732,836)
\$	398,479	\$	(12,305)	\$ (27,364)	\$	115,518	\$	(20,031)	\$	(1,732,836)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Health Insurance Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	Liability Insurance Fund
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 588,382	\$ -	\$ -
Operating contributions	1,500,149	400,000	350,692
Total operating revenues	2,088,531	400,000	350,692
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services	-	-	-
Purchased or contracted service	-	-	-
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	-
Insurance claims and expenses	1,911,759	529,418	445,690
Retirement payments	-	-	-
Depreciation	-	-	-
Total operating expenses	1,911,759	529,418	445,690
Operating income (loss)	176,772	(129,418)	(94,998)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest expense	-	=	=
Interest revenue	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenue	25,635	=	27,953
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	25,635		27,953
Change in net position	202,407	(129,418)	(67,045)
NET POSITION, beginning of year	(2,843,083)	(101,281)	751,287
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ (2,640,676)	\$ (230,699)	\$ 684,242

Retirement Fund	Payroll Fund			Enterprise Fleet Management Fund	Total Internal Service Funds		
-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 588,382		
1,270,582	823,712		391,724	100,000	4,836,859		
1,270,582	823,712	-	391,724	100,000	5,425,241		
-	-	4,747	318,581		323,328		
-	-	-	19,831	,	43,180		
-	-	-	29,748	-	29,748		
-	855,137	-	-	=	3,742,004		
1,265,356	-	-	-	-	1,265,356		
-				103,890	103,890		
1,265,356	855,137	4,747	368,160	127,239	5,507,506		
5,226	(31,425)	(4,747)	23,564	(27,239)	(82,265)		
-	-	-	-	(13,597)	(13,597)		
-	4	-	-	-	4		
-			-	9,834	63,422		
	4			(3,763)	49,829		
5,226	(31,421)	(4,747)	23,564	(31,002)	(32,436)		
393,253	19,116	(22,617)	91,954	10,971	(1,700,400)		
398,479	\$ (12,305)	\$ (27,364)	\$ 115,518	\$ (20,031)	\$ (1,732,836)		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Health Insurance Fund	Work Comper Fur	nsation		Liability nsurance Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING						
ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,904,500	\$		\$	
Receipts from other funds for services	Φ	1,904,500	•	346.000	Ф	350,692
Payments to suppliers		(1,930,135)		(529,552)		(456,475)
Payments to employees		-		-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(25,635)		(183,552)		(105,783)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue	·	25,635				27,953
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		25,635				27,953
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from capital leases payable		-		-		-
Principal paid on capital leases		_		_		_
Interest paid		_		_		_
Net cash used in capital and						
related financing activities						
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING						
ACTIVITIES						
Interest revenue						
Net cash provided by investing activities		-				-
Change in cash and cash equivalents		-	((183,552)		(77,830)
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning of year		26,995		785,358		762,072
End of year	\$	26,995	\$	601,806	\$	684,242

(Continued)

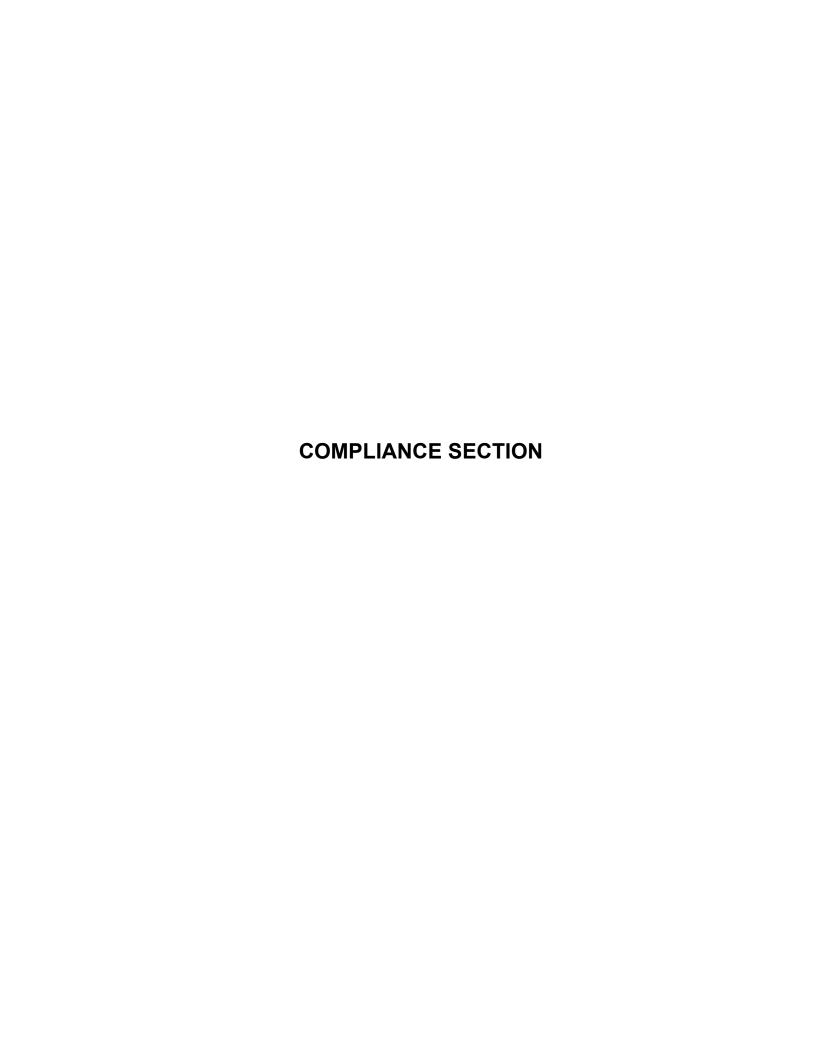
 Retirement Fund	 Payroll Fund	w	arehouse Fund	c	ity Garage Fund	nterprise Management Fund	Inte	Total ernal Service Funds
\$ 1,270,582 (1,265,356) -	\$ 825,750 (855,208)	\$	20,083 (15,336) (4,747)	\$	391,724 (52,188) (318,581)	\$ - 106,251 (27,012) -	\$	1,904,500 3,311,082 (5,131,262) (323,328)
 5,226	(29,458)		<u>-</u>		20,955	79,239		(239,008)
<u>-</u> _	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _	9,834		63,422
	<u>-</u>				-	 9,834		63,422
- - - -	- - - -		- - - -		- - - -	(421,988) 421,988 (90,478) (13,597)		(421,988) 421,988 (90,478) (13,597)
 <u>-</u>	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>			(104,075)		(104,075)
<u>-</u>	 4		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		4
 <u> </u>	 4		-			 		4
5,226	(29,454)		-		20,955	(15,002)		(279,657)
393,253	 31,018		60,273		80,676	15,002		2,154,647
\$ 398,479	\$ 1,564	\$	60,273	\$	101,631	\$ _	\$	1,874,990

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Health Insurance Fund		Workers' empensation Fund		Liability Insurance Fund
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to		_		_		
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	•	470 770	•	(400,440)	•	(0.4.000)
Operating income (loss)	\$	176,772	\$	(129,418)	\$	(94,998)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
(loss) to net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities						
Depreciation		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) in prepaids and other assets		-		(54,000)		-
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(18,376)		(134)		(10,785)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(184,031)				<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(25,635)	\$	(183,552)	\$	(105,783)

(Concluded)

R	etirement Fund	Payroll Fund	w	arehouse Fund	Ci	ty Garage Fund	nterprise Management Fund	Inte	Total rnal Service Funds
\$	5,226	\$ (31,425)	\$	(4,747)	\$	23,564	\$ (27,239)	\$	(82,265)
	-	-		-		-	103,890		103,890
	- - -	 - (71) 2,038		(15,336) 20,083		(2,609)	(3,663) 6,251		(54,000) (50,974) (155,659)
\$	5,226	\$ (29,458)	\$	-	\$	20,955	\$ 79,239	\$	(239,008)





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Waycross, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Waycross, Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Waycross, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 6, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2021-002 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2021-001.

City of Waycross, Georgia's Responses to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia April 6, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Waycross, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Waycross, Georgia's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Savannah, Georgia April 6, 2022

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Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures		Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through Georgia Governors Office of						
Planning and Budget COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	14550-CRF	\$	705,647	\$	_
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			_	705,647		-
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency						
Passed through the Georgia Department of Natural Resources						
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water	66.458	GEFA-CW2020002		557,127		-
State Revolving Funds	66.468	GEFA-DW20200009		33,940		
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				591,067		-
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	1,296,714	\$	-

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Waycross, Georgia (the "City"), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The City chose not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 3. NON-CASH AWARDS

The City did not receive non-cash federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2021.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	XYesNo
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses? Reported	Yes <u>X</u> None
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to	
be reported in accordance with the Uniform	
Guidance?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major program:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
21.019	U.S. Department of the Treasury
	Coronavirus Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	
Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes <u>X</u> No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2021 - 001. Special Revenue Fund Budgets

Criteria: In accordance with state law, all local governments shall operate under an annual balanced budget for the General Fund, each special revenue fund, and each debt service fund in use by the local government.

Condition/Context: Management has not adopted an annual budget for the Forfeited Property Fund, Jail Fund, Okefenokee Classic Fund, FEMA Fund and ATM Machine Fund.

Effect: The purpose of state law is to establish minimum budget, accounting, and auditing requirements for local governments so as to provide local taxpayers with an opportunity to gain information concerning the purposes for which local revenues are proposed to be spent and are actually spent and to assist local governments in generally improving local financial management practices. When budgets are not adopted it is difficult for local taxpayers and other interested parties to gain information on how local revenues were proposed to be spent.

Cause: Oversight during budget process.

Recommendation: We recommend management adopt budgets for all special revenue funds.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management agrees with the finding. In FY 2022, management will prepare and pass budgets for all special revenue funds as required by statute.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED)

2021 - 002. Year-End Close Process

Criteria: Management is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the financial transactions in the City's general ledger to ensure accurate financial reporting.

Condition/Context: The City does not currently have an adequate monthly or year-end close process, whereby the City's financial records are adjusted, reviewed and reconciled to supporting documentation.

Effect: This condition could lead to inaccurate financial reporting.

Cause: There was an overall lack of appropriate controls implemented at the City during the fiscal year. The City did not properly account for activity, or prepare and review all reconciliations typically required in a strong accounting system.

Recommendation: We recommend the City review the respective staffing of the accounting function, and determine if an adequate number of qualified people are currently available to address the condition. The City should also consider and evaluate its strengths and weaknesses relative to the accounting function, and take measures to address the concerns noted above with a goal of providing timely recording, reconciling, and reporting of City operations and financial and non-financial activities.

We further recommend the City consider reinvesting in its accounting personnel by providing technical education and training via participation in governmental accounting and financial reporting continuing education programs which are available in the general geographic area of the City, as well as virtually. When certain levels of technical proficiency are observed by management, we further encourage the City to better cross-train the accounting personnel in an effort to make the accounting function a stronger department.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: We concur with the finding. We will continue to review and improve policies and procedures in an effort to eliminate errors and identify deficiencies from both an operational and financial perspective.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

2020 - 001. Special Revenue Fund Budgets

Criteria: In accordance with state law, all local governments shall operate under an annual balanced budget for the General Fund, each special revenue fund, and each debt service fund in use by the local government.

Condition/Context: Management has not adopted an annual budget for the Forfeited Property Fund, Jail Fund, Okefenokee Classic, and ATM Machine Fund.

Auditee Response/Status: Unresolved – See current year financial audit finding 2021 – 001.

2020 - 002. Year-End Close Process

Criteria: Management is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the financial transactions in the City's general ledger to ensure accurate financial reporting.

Condition/Context: The City does not currently have an adequate monthly or year-end close process, whereby the City's financial records are adjusted, reviewed and reconciled to supporting documentation.

Auditee Response/Status: Unresolved – See current year financial audit finding 2021 – 002.