CITY OF WAYCROSS, GEORGIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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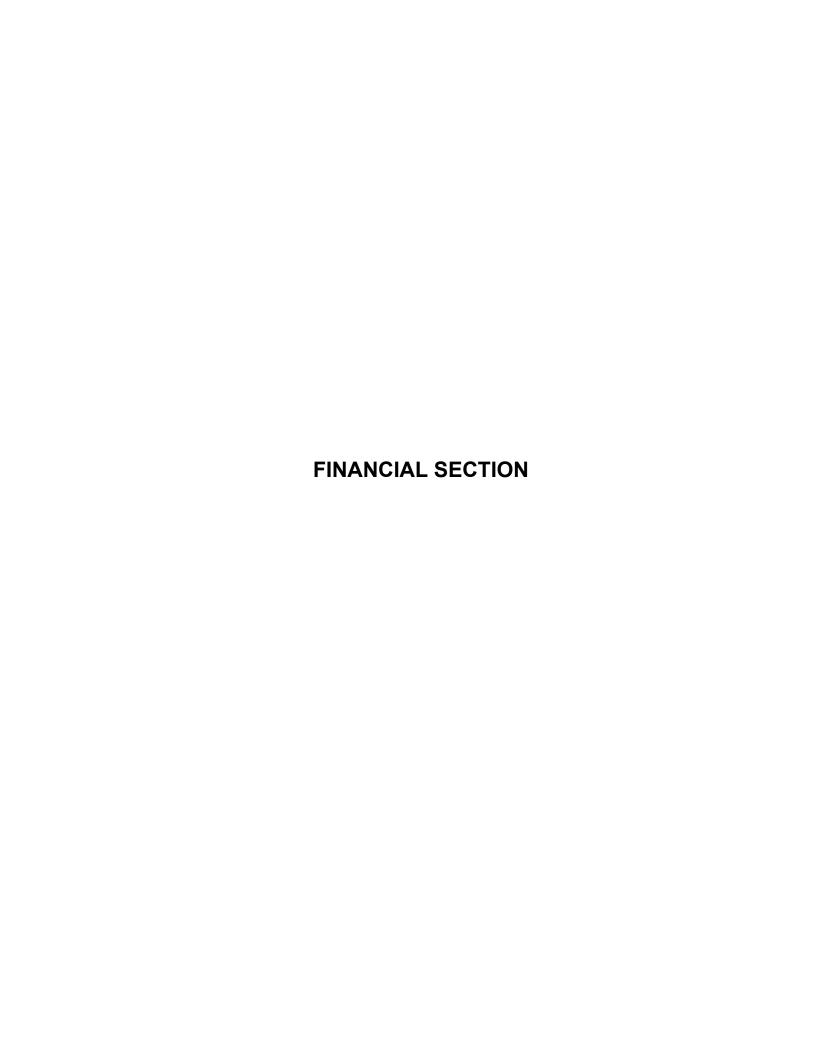
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Waycross, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Waycross**, **Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP); this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of City Contributions – Retirement Plan (on pages 47 and 48) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds and the schedule of transportation special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §48-8-121, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of transportation special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of transportation special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia March 29, 2021

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Primary Government						
	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,613,608	\$ 1,167,327	\$	15,780,935		
Taxes receivable		652,628	-		652,628		
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		255,623	972,093		1,227,716		
Due from other governments		756,195	-		756,195		
Internal balances		(1,874,974)	1,874,974		-		
Inventories		61,210	49,302		110,512		
Prepaid expenses		4,996	-		4,996		
Capital assets:							
Nondepreciable		7,436,756	384,840		7,821,596		
Depreciable, net		16,034,477	31,639,340		47,673,817		
Total assets		37,940,519	36,087,876		74,028,395		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension		2,260,788	-		2,260,788		
Total deferred outflows or resources		2,260,788	-		2,260,788		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		1,375,333	528,020		1,903,353		
Accrued liabilities		14,868	12,906		27,774		
Customer deposits payable		-	262,905		262,905		
Capital leases due within one year		94,734	25,377		120,111		
Capital leases due in more than one year		239,056	4,035		243,091		
Notes payable due within one year		30,000	· -		30,000		
Notes payable due in more than one year		462,500	-		462,500		
Loans payable due within one year		· <u>-</u>	973,863		973,863		
Loans payable due in more than one year		_	3,164,014		3,164,014		
Compensated absences due within one year		155,790	9,721		165,511		
Compensated absences due							
in more than one year		363,510	22,681		386,191		
Net pension liability due in more than one year		7,178,700	-		7,178,700		
Total liabilities		9,914,491	5,003,522		14,918,013		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension		160,650			160,650		
Total deferred inflows of resources		160,650	<u>-</u>		160,650		
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		22,644,943	27,856,891		50,501,834		
Restricted for:					•		
Capital projects		11,343,039	-		11,343,039		
Community development projects		330,529	-		330,529		
Other projects		35,127	-		35,127		
Unrestricted		(4,227,472)	3,227,463		(1,000,009)		
Total net position	\$	30,126,166	\$ 31,084,354	\$	61,210,520		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					Not (Evnenses) R	evenues and Chang	ıoe in	Not Position
		P	rogram Revenu	es		Primary Governmen		Net i Osition
			Operating	Capital		•		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities		Total
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 1,837,014	\$ 1,173,248	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (663,766)	\$ -	\$	(663,766)
Public safety	6,805,519	12,360	-	60,265	(6,732,894)	-		(6,732,894)
Public works	4,359,995	20,599	-	6,816,933	2,477,537	-		2,477,537
Community development	964,630	-	-	-	(964,630)	-		(964,630)
Interest on long-term debt	10,000	_			(10,000)			(10,000)
Total governmental activities	13,977,158	1,206,207		6,877,198	(5,893,753)			(5,893,753)
Business-type activities:								
Public utilities	6,671,669	6,732,351	_	45,592	_	106,274		106,274
Waste management	2,562,706	2,350,147	_	-	_	(212,559)		(212,559)
City auditorium	169,373	25,295	_	_	_	(144,078)		(144,078)
Total business-type activities	9,403,748	9,107,793		45,592		(250,363)		(250,363)
Total primary government	\$ 23,380,906	\$ 10,314,000	\$ -	\$ 6,922,790	(5,893,753)	(250,363)		(6,144,116)
rotal primary government	<u>Ψ 20,000,000</u>	Ψ 10,011,000	<u>*</u>	Ψ 0,022,700	(0,000,100)	(200,000)		(0,111,110)
	General revenu	es						
	Taxes:							
	Property tax	es			4,319,968	-		4,319,968
	Sales taxes				3,244,835	-		3,244,835
	Franchise ta	axes			1,131,145	-		1,131,145
	Other taxes				2,098,842	-		2,098,842
	Unrestricted in	nvestment earnin	gs		24,927	28,169		53,096
	Miscellaneous	3			462,133	-		462,133
	Transfers:				(86,600)	86,600		-
	Total general	revenues and tra	nsfers		11,195,250	114,769		11,310,019
	Change in ne	t position			5,301,497	(135,594)		5,165,903
	Net position, be	ginning of year			24,824,669	31,219,948		56,044,617
	Net position, en				\$ 30,126,166	\$ 31,084,354	\$	61,210,520

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund		SPLOST 2014 Fund		TSPLOST Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Totals overnmenta Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	645,103	\$	4,426,032	\$	6,470,186	\$	917,640	\$	12,458,961
Taxes receivable, net	Ψ	652,628	Ψ	-,420,032	Ψ	0,470,100	Ψ	317,040	Ψ	652,628
Accounts receivable, net		161,470		_						161,470
Due from other governments		257,717		206,850		291,628				756,19
Due from other funds		1,052,945		200,000		201,020		_		1,052,94
Inventories		32,171		_		_				32,17
Prepaid expenditures		52,171				_		4,996		4,99
Other receivables		_		_		_		84,897		84,89
Total assets	\$	2,802,034	\$	4,632,882	\$	6,761,814	\$	1,007,533	\$	15,204,26
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					-					
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	169,533	\$	229,022	\$	1,375	\$	25,165	\$	425,09
Total liabilities		169,533		229,022		1,375		25,165		425,09
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Inavailable revenue - property taxes		588,166		-		-				588,16
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	588,166		-		-		-		588,16
UND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		32,171		-		-		4,996		37,16
Restricted				4,403,860		6,760,439		851,896		12,016,19
Committed		-		-		-		55,308		55,30
Assigned		-		-		-		71,000		71,00
Unassigned		2,012,164						(832)		2,011,33
Total fund balances		2,044,335		4,403,860		6,760,439		982,368		14,191,00
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	2,802,034	\$	4,632,882	\$	6,761,814	\$	1,007,533		
mounts reported for governmental activities in the state		·		fferent because	=== e:		<u></u>			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		iai resources a	and, th	erefore, are no	t repor	tea in the func	15.			23,378,64
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cur Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable These deferred outflows of resources consist of pens	rrent-p ole in tl	eriod expendit he current peri	ures a	nd, therefore, a	are def e not re	erred in the fu ported in the	nds.			
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cur Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payab These deferred outflows of resources consist of pens differences, assumption changes and contributions.	rrent-p ble in tl sion ar	eriod expendit he current periond and other post-e	ures a od and mploy	nd, therefore, and, therefore, are ment benefits i	are def e not re related	erred in the fu ported in the t experience	nds. funds.			588,16
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cur Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payab These deferred outflows of resources consist of pens	rrent-pole in the sion ar arge the din golf for cur	eriod expenditine current perion other post-ene costs of cert overnmental arrent expenditu	ures a od and mploy ain fur ctivitie ures ar	nd, therefore, and therefore, are ment benefits in the statem and, therefore, a	are defe e not re related idual fu ent of i	erred in the furported in the feetperience ands. The assumet position.	nds. funds. ets e funds			588,16 2,260,78
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cur Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payab These deferred outflows of resources consist of pens differences, assumption changes and contributions. Internal service funds are used by management to chan and liabilities of the internal service funds are included Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay	rrent-pole in the sion ar arge the din gordon for curon and the side of the si	eriod expenditine current period other post-end other post-ene costs of certovernmental acreent expenditud other post-em	ures a od and mploy ain fur ctivitie ures ar nploym	nd, therefore, and therefore, and therefore, and the ment benefits in the statem and, therefore, and therefore, and therefore in the statem and therefore, and therefore in the statem and	are defee not related idual fuent of i	erred in the fur- ported in the fur- experience ands. The ass net position. reported in the ifferences bet	nds. funds. ets e funds			23,378,64 588,16 2,260,78 (1,700,40 (160,65
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Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cur Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payab. These deferred outflows of resources consist of pens differences, assumption changes and contributions. Internal service funds are used by management to cha and liabilities of the internal service funds are include Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay These deferred inflows of resources consist of pensis projected and actual earnings on plan investments.	rrent-pole in the sion ar arge the din gordon for curon and the side of the si	eriod expendition current period other post-ene costs of certovernmental active expendituded other post-emod and are, the Capage of Capage expendituded other post-emod and Capage expendituded expen	ures a od and mploy cain fur ctivitie ures ar nploym erefore Net pe oital le pensar	nd, therefore, and therefore, are ment benefits in the statem and, therefore, and	are defee not refelated idual fuent of interesting in the financial in the feet and	erred in the full ported in the full ported in the experience ands. The assumet position. The ported in the effect of the full position. The ported in the effect of the full position of the full pos	nds. funds. ets e funds			588,16 2,260,78 (1,700,40

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund		SPLOST 2014 Fund		TSPLOST Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Totals overnmental Funds
REVENUES	•	10.070.001	•		•		•	101 501	•	10 101 100
Taxes	\$	10,079,691	\$	-	\$	-	\$	401,501	\$	10,481,192
Fines and forfeitures		250,998		-		-		-		250,998
Licenses and permits		901,332		-		-		-		901,332
Intergovernmental		<u>-</u>		2,603,061		3,537,760		677,435		6,818,256
Charges for services		34,185		-		-		19,692		53,877
Interest revenue		11,806		49,396		9,546		13,121		83,869
Other revenues		251,065		-		-		211,068		462,133
Total revenues		11,529,077		2,652,457		3,547,306		1,322,817	_	19,051,657
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		1,879,201		-		-		106,574		1,985,775
Public safety		5,832,494		-		-		31,611		5,864,105
Public works		2,463,800		-		-		372,021		2,835,821
Community development		760,646		-		-		176,326		936,972
Debt service:										
Principal		133,199		-		_		-		133,199
Interest		10,000		-		_		-		10,000
Capital outlay		_		2,778,488		1,057,678		992,769		4,828,935
Total expenditures		11,079,340		2,778,488		1,057,678		1,679,301		16,594,807
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		449,737		(126,031)		2,489,628		(356,484)		2,456,850
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		261,475		-		-		36,077		297,552
Transfers out		(122,677)				-		(261,475)		(384,152)
Total other financing										
sources (uses)		138,798						(225,398)		(86,600)
Net change in fund balances		588,535		(126,031)		2,489,628		(581,882)		2,370,250
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,455,800		4,529,891		4,270,811		1,564,250		11,820,752
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,044,335	\$	4,403,860	\$	6,760,439	\$	982,368	\$	14,191,002

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds.		\$ 2,370,250
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 3,492,005 (1,301,516)	2,190,489
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		313,598
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain functions to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities in the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		598,182
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Principal payments of long-term debt		133,199
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Pension expense Compensated absences	\$ (205,738) (98,483)	 (304,221)
		\$ 5,301,497

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budgeted	d Amo					Variance with Final
DEVENUE	Orig	inal		Final		Actual		Budget
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 10.2	39,889	\$	10,239,889	\$	10,079,691	\$	(160,198)
Fees and fines		•	Ф		Ф		Ф	, ,
Licenses and permits		17,000 85,400		317,000 885,400		250,998 901,332		(66,002) 15,932
Charges for services		30.000		30.000		34,185		4,185
Investment earnings		9,500		9,500		11,806		2,306
Other revenues	2	86,000		286,000		251,065		(34,935)
Total revenues		67,789		11,767,789		11,529,077		(238,712)
Total revenues	11,7	07,709		11,707,709		11,529,077		(230,712)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government	2.1	05,331		2,105,331		1,879,201		226,130
Public safety		09,284		6,309,284		5,832,494		476,790
Public works		22,588		2,722,588		2,463,800		258,788
Community development		40,586		840,586		760,646		79,940
Debt service:	· ·	.0,000		0.0,000		. 00,0.0		. 0,0 . 0
Principal		30,000		30,000		133,199		(103,199)
Interest and other charges		_		-		10,000		(10,000)
Total expenditures	12,0	07,789		12,007,789		11,079,340		928,449
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(2	40,000)		(240,000)		449,737		689,737
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	2	40,000		240,000		261,475		21,475
Transfers out	_	-		0,000		(122,677)		(122,677)
Total other financing sources, net	2	40,000		240,000		138,798		(101,202)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		588,535		588,535
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,4	55,800		1,455,800		1,455,800		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,4	55,800	\$	1,455,800	\$	2,044,335	\$	588,535

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Public Utilities Fund		Waste Management Fund			Nonmajor City Auditorium Fund
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS	•	4 4 4 0 7 0 0	•	404	•	10.004
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,148,733	\$	401	\$	18,024
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		707,545		264,548		-
Due from other funds Inventories		1,874,974 49,302		-		-
Total current assets	-	3,780,554		264,949		18,024
Total current assets		3,700,334		204,343		10,024
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Restricted assets, cash		169		-		-
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable		374,488		10,352		-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		30,463,529		34,142		1,141,669
Total non-current assets		30,838,186		44,494		1,141,669
Total assets		34,618,740		309,443		1,159,693
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		412,286		111,793		3,941
Accrued liabilities		12,906		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Compensated absences		-		9,721		-
Customer deposits payable		230,322		16,177		16,406
Current portion - capital leases		5,864		19,513		-
Current portion - loans payable		973,863				-
Total current liabilities		1,635,241		157,204		20,347
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Compensated absences		-		22,681		-
Capital leases payable, net of current portion		4,035		-		-
Loans payable, net of current portion		3,164,014				-
Total non-current liabilities		3,168,049		22,681		-
Total liabilities		4,803,290		179,885		20,347
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		26,690,241		24,981		1,141,669
Unrestricted		3,125,209		104,577		(2,323)
Total net position	\$	29,815,450	\$	129,558	\$	1,139,346

Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$ 1,167,158	\$ 2,154,647
972,093 1,874,974	9,256
49,302	29,039
4,063,527	 2,192,942
169	-
004.040	
384,840 31,639,340	92,592
32,024,349	 92,592
36,087,876	2,285,534
528,020	950,238
12,906	14,817
	2,927,919
9,721 262,905	-
25,377	19,344
973,863	-
1,812,792	3,912,318
22,681	-
4,035	73,616
 3,164,014	 72 616
 3,190,730 5,003,522	 73,616 3,985,934
 0,000,022	 0,000,004
27,856,891	-
3,227,463	 (1,700,400)
\$ 31,084,354	\$ (1,700,400)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

OPERATING REVENUES Fund Fund Fund Charges for services \$ 6,732,351 \$ 2,350,147 \$ 25,295 Other services 6,732,351 2,350,147 \$ 25,295 OPERATING EXPENSES Total operating revenues 8 742,335 6,355 Personal services 1,945,280 742,335 6,355 Contractual services 2,645,348 1,446,565 6,373 Utilities - - - 17,685 Repairs and maintenance 230,623 233,688 1,124 Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 1,22 Insurance claims and expenses 558,289 738 1,22 Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 1,22 Total operating expenses 558,289 738 1,22 Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 1,22 Total operating expenses 558,289 738 1,24 Other supplies and expenses 6,556,448 2,470,412 169,373 Non-operating income (loss) </th <th></th> <th>Public</th> <th></th> <th>Waste</th> <th></th> <th>Nonmajor City</th>		Public		Waste		Nonmajor City
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services \$ 6,732,351 \$ 2,350,147 \$ 25,295 Other services - <		Utilities	Ma	•	Δ	
Other services -	OPERATING REVENUES	 Fullu		Fullu		Fullu
Total operating revenues 6,732,351 2,350,147 25,295 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services 1,945,280 742,335 6,355 Contractual services 2,645,348 1,446,565 6,373 Utilities - - 17,685 Repairs and maintenance 230,623 233,568 1,124 Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 - Insurance claims and expenses - 12,057 754 Retirement payments - - - - Depreciation 1,176,908 35,149 137,082 Total operating expenses 6,556,448 2,470,412 169,373 Operating income (loss) 175,903 (120,265) (144,078 NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) - - - - Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) - Interest income 28,169 - - Interest expense (115,221) (986) - Total no	Charges for services	\$ 6,732,351	\$	2,350,147	\$	25,295
OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services 1,945,280 742,335 6,355 Contractual services 2,645,348 1,446,565 6,373 Utilities - - 17,685 Repairs and maintenance 230,623 233,568 1,124 Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 - Insurance claims and expenses - 12,057 754 Retirement payments - - 12,057 754 Retirement payments - - - 13,7082 Total operating expenses 6,556,448 2,470,412 169,373 Operating income (loss) 175,903 (120,265) (144,078 NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) - (91,308) - Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) - Miscellaneous revenue - - - Interest expense (115,221) (986) - Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) -	Other services	 		_		-
Personal services 1,945,280 742,335 6,355 Contractual services 2,645,348 1,446,565 6,373 Utilities - - 17,685 Repairs and maintenance 230,623 233,568 1,124 Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 - Insurance claims and expenses - 12,057 754 Retirement payments - 1,176,908 35,149 137,082 Depreciation 1,176,908 35,149 137,082 Total operating expenses 6,556,448 2,470,412 169,373 Operating income (loss) 175,903 (120,265) (144,078 NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) - (91,308) - Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) - Miscellaneous revenue - - - Interest expense (115,221) (986) - Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) - Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	Total operating revenues	 6,732,351		2,350,147		25,295
Contractual services 2,645,348 1,446,565 6,373 Utilities - - 17,685 Repairs and maintenance 230,623 233,568 1,124 Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 - Insurance claims and expenses - 12,057 754 Retirement payments - - - - Depreciation 1,176,908 35,149 137,082 Total operating expenses 6,556,448 2,470,412 169,373 Operating income (loss) 175,903 (120,265) (144,078 NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) - - - - Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) - Miscellaneous revenue - - - - Interest expense (115,221) (986) - - Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) - Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 88,851 (212,559) (144,078	OPERATING EXPENSES					
Utilities - - 17,685 Repairs and maintenance 230,623 233,568 1,124 Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 1,124 Insurance claims and expenses - 12,057 754 Retirement payments - 1,176,908 35,149 137,082 Depreciation 1,176,908 35,149 137,082 Total operating expenses 6,556,448 2,470,412 169,373 Operating income (loss) 175,903 (120,265) (144,078 NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) - (91,308) - Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) - Miscellaneous revenue - - - Interest income 28,169 - - Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) - Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 88,851 (212,559) (144,078 TRANSFERS Transfers in - 86,600 -	Personal services	1,945,280		742,335		6,355
Repairs and maintenance 230,623 233,568 1,124 Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 - Insurance claims and expenses 12,057 754 Retirement payments - - - Depreciation 1,176,908 35,149 137,082 Total operating expenses 6,556,448 2,470,412 169,373 Operating income (loss) 175,903 (120,265) (144,078 NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) - (91,308) - Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) - Miscellaneous revenue - - - Interest income 28,169 - - Interest expense (115,221) (986) - Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) - Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 88,851 (212,559) (144,078 TRANSFERS Transfers in - 86,600 - Total transfers - </td <td>Contractual services</td> <td>2,645,348</td> <td></td> <td>1,446,565</td> <td></td> <td>6,373</td>	Contractual services	2,645,348		1,446,565		6,373
Other supplies and expenses 558,289 738 - Insurance claims and expenses - 12,057 754 Retirement payments - - - - Depreciation 1,176,908 35,149 137,082 Total operating expenses 6,556,448 2,470,412 169,373 Operating income (loss) 175,903 (120,265) (144,078 NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) - (91,308) - Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) - Miscellaneous revenue - - - Interest income 28,169 - - Interest expense (115,221) (986) - Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) - Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 88,851 (212,559) (144,078 TRANSFERS Transfers in - 86,600 - Total transfers - 86,600 - Change in net position 134,443<	Utilities	_		-		17,685
Insurance claims and expenses - 12,057 754		230,623		233,568		1,124
Retirement payments		558,289				-
Depreciation	•	-		12,057		754
Total operating expenses 6,556,448 2,470,412 169,373		-		-		-
Operating income (loss) 175,903 (120,265) (144,078 NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) Secondary control of the control of						
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) - Miscellaneous revenue - Interest income 28,169 - Interest expense (115,221) (986) - Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) - Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 88,851 (212,559) (144,078 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 45,592 - - - TRANSFERS Transfers in - 86,600 - Total transfers - 86,600 - Change in net position 134,443 (125,959) (144,078)	Total operating expenses	 6,556,448		2,470,412	-	169,373
Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) -	Operating income (loss)	 175,903		(120,265)		(144,078)
Loss on capital asset disposal - (91,308) -	NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)					
Interest income 28,169 - - - Interest expense (115,221) (986) - Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) - Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 88,851 (212,559) (144,078 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 45,592 - - TRANSFERS - 86,600 - Total transfers - 86,600 - Change in net position 134,443 (125,959) (144,078)	Loss on capital asset disposal	-		(91,308)		-
Interest expense (115,221) (986) - Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) - Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 88,851 (212,559) (144,078) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 45,592 - - - TRANSFERS - 86,600 - Total transfers - 86,600 - Change in net position 134,443 (125,959) (144,078)	Miscellaneous revenue	-		-		-
Total non-operating income (expenses) (87,052) (92,294) - Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 88,851 (212,559) (144,078) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 45,592 - - TRANSFERS - 86,600 - Total transfers - 86,600 - Change in net position 134,443 (125,959) (144,078)	Interest income	28,169		-		-
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 88,851 (212,559) (144,078) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 45,592 - - TRANSFERS - 86,600 - Total transfers - 86,600 - Change in net position 134,443 (125,959) (144,078)	•	(115,221)				
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 45,592 - - TRANSFERS - 86,600 - Total transfers - 86,600 - Change in net position 134,443 (125,959) (144,078)	Total non-operating income (expenses)	(87,052)		(92,294)		<u> </u>
TRANSFERS Transfers in Total transfers - 86,600 - Change in net position 134,443 (125,959) (144,078)	Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	 88,851		(212,559)		(144,078)
Transfers in Total transfers - 86,600 - 86,6	CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	 45,592				
Transfers in Total transfers - 86,600 - 86,6	TRANSFERS					
Total transfers - 86,600 - Change in net position 134,443 (125,959) (144,078)		_		86,600		-
	Total transfers	-				-
	Change in net position	134,443		(125,959)		(144,078)
Net position, beginning of year 29,681,007 255,517 1,283,424	Net position, beginning of year	 29,681,007		255,517		1,283,424
Net position, end of year \$ 29,815,450 \$ 129,558 \$ 1,139,346	Net position, end of year	\$ 29,815,450	\$	129,558	\$	1,139,346

	Internal
Totals	Service Funds
 Iotais	 ruilus
\$ 9,107,793	\$ 787,870
	4,005,469
9,107,793	4,793,339
2,693,970	312,775
4,098,286	24,682
17,685	
465,315	19,281
559,027	-
12,811	3,586,736
-	1,201,300
1,349,139	4,873
9,196,233	5,149,647
(88,440)	 (356,308)
(91,308)	_
(01,000)	954,474
28,169	799
(116,207)	(783)
 (179,346)	 954,490
 (110,010)	
 (267,786)	 598,182
45,592	-
·	
86,600	_
86,600	 -
(135,594)	598,182
31,219,948	 (2,298,582)
\$ 31,084,354	\$ (1,700,400)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Public Utilities	Ma	Waste anagement		lonmajor City uditorium
		Fund		Fund		Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	6,776,071	\$	2,368,711	\$	25,295
Receipts from other funds for services		- (0.044.400)		- (4.040.005)		(07.504)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(3,311,108) (1,945,280)		(1,819,295) (742,335)		(27,584)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,519,683		(192,919)		(6,631)
Net easil provided by (used iii) operating activities		1,515,005		(132,313)		(0,320)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers in		-		86,600		-
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue						-
Net cash provided by non-capital				00.000		
financing activities				86,600		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from the issuance of loans and capital leases		275,555		-		-
Capital contributions		45,592		-		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(524,897)		-		-
Principal paid on capital leases payable		(17,158)		(25,353)		-
Principal paid on loans payable		(949,295)		-		-
Interest paid		(120,562)		(986)		
Net cash used in capital and related		(4.200.765)		(26.320)		
financing activities		(1,290,765)		(26,339)		<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest revenue		28,169		_		_
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	28,169				-
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		257,087		(132,658)		(8,920)
Oash and assh a minulanta						
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year		891,815		133,059		26,944
beginning of year		091,013		133,039		20,944
End of year	\$	1,148,902	\$	401	\$	18,024
Classified as:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,148,733	\$	401	\$	18,024
Restricted assets, cash	Ψ	1,140,733	Ψ	- -01	Ψ	-
	\$	1,148,902	\$	401	\$	18,024
	-	, -,			<u> </u>	-,-

Tot	tals	Internal Service Funds
\$ 9,	170,077	\$ 2,621,460 2,476,564
	157,987)	(4,929,334)
	694,246) 317,844	 (318,819) (150,129)
	86,600	- 954,474
	00.000	
	86,600	 954,474
	275,555	97,465
(45,592 524,897)	- (97,465)
,	(42,511) 949,295)	(4,505)
,	121,548)	(783)
(1,	317,104)	(5,288)
	28,169 28,169	 799 799
		 _
	115,509	 799,856
1,	051,818	 1,354,791
\$ 1,	167,327	\$ 2,154,647
\$ 1,	167,158 169	\$ 2,154,647
\$ 1,	167,327	\$ 2,154,647

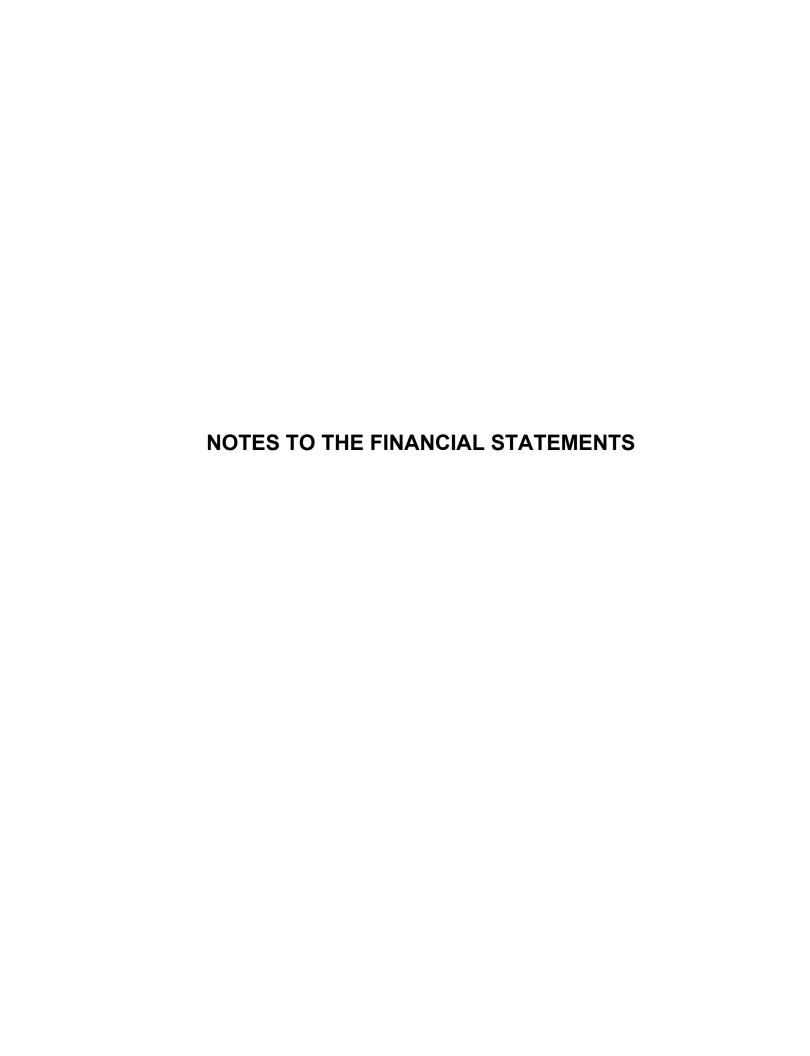
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Public Utilities Fund	Ma	Waste anagement Fund	Nonmajor City Auditorium Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 175,903	\$	(120,265)	\$	(144,078)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	·		,		, ,
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation	1,176,908		35,149		137,082
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	248,085		6,771		-
Increase in due from other funds	(206,013)		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	123,152		(123,437)		1,372
Decrease in accrued liabilities	-		(5,830)		(276)
Increase in compensated absences	_		11,793		-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	1,648		2,900		(3,020)
Increase in due to other funds	-		-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,519,683	\$	(192,919)	\$	(8,920)

Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$ (88,440)	\$ (356,308)
1,349,139	4,873
254,856 (206,013)	(119)
1,087 (6,106)	(97,335) (6,044)
11,793	-
1,528 	304,804
\$ 1,317,844	\$ (150,129)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	Total Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 181,125
Total assets	181,125
LIABILITIES	
Refundable court bonds	139,739
Seized funds held	41,386
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 181,125</u>



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Waycross, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Waycross, Georgia was incorporated in 1874 and operates under the leadership of the Mayor, City Manager and City Commission consisting of four members and provides or assists in providing the following services: public safety (police department), highways and streets, public improvements, recreation, and general administrative and other services. In addition, the City operates enterprise funds (water and sewer, waste management, and City Auditorium) for incorporated and immediate surrounding areas.

Standards published by the GASB define the financial reporting entity as: a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially responsible, and c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61. Under GASB Statement No. 61, a legally separate entity is required to be included as a component unit if it is fiscally dependent upon the primary government and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship present. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints the voting majority of the organization's governing board and: 1) it is able to impose its will on that organization, or 2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose its will on that organization, or 3) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The financial statements of the City do not include any component units.

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund, internal service fund, and the fiduciary fund financial statements, although the agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **2014 SPLOST Fund** accounts for capital projects of the City from resources provided by the 2014 special Ware County 1% sales and use tax.

The **TSPLOST Fund** accounts for the collection of the transportation special purpose local option sales tax funds collected by Ware County and disbursed to the City. These funds are used for transportation projects as approved by voter referendum.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Public Utilities Fund** accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The **Waste Management Fund** accounts for the operations of solid waste collection and disposal services. All costs are financed through charges to sanitation customers.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets and construction or improvement of major capital projects such as construction of new roads.

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the fleet management services, payroll services, retirement, self-funded property and casualty insurance, self-funded workers compensation insurance, and self-funded health insurance provided to departments of the City.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Agency Funds are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the City's Municipal Court and Police Condemnation fund.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's internal service functions and the other City functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services provided. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual budget is adopted (as required by law) by the City for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to June 30, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 2. Public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The City Commission approves, by ordinance, total budget appropriation and departmental budgets. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts between line items within any department in conjunction with the department head; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any department or fund must be approved by the City Commission. Therefore, the level of budgetary responsibility is by department-level appropriations; however, for reporting purposes, this level has been expanded to a functional basis (General Government, Public Safety, etc.).
- 4. Unused appropriations for all of the above annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 5. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The budget for the General Fund is prepared on the cash and expenses/encumbrances basis. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected; and expenditures, which include encumbrances, are budgeted in the year that applicable purchase orders are expected to be issued. The budget for the Enterprise Fund is adopted under a basis consistent with GAAP, except for that depreciation, certain capital expenses, and certain non-operating income and expense items are not considered. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the special revenue funds. Annual appropriated budgets are also adopted for the following internal service funds; Health Insurance, Liability Insurance, Workers Compensation Insurance, Retirement Fund, and City Garage Fund.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Commission. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations, which were adopted.

The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) § 36-81-3(b) requires an annual balanced budget for the general fund, each special revenue fund and requires a project-length balanced budget for each capital project fund. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City did not adopt annual budgets for the Forfeited Property Fund, Jail Fund, Okefenokee Classic Fund, and ATM Machine Fund.

The legal level of budgetary control for the City is at the department level.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Generally, only investments with original maturities of three months or less meet this definition.

F. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government and agencies of corporations of the U.S. Government; obligations of any state; obligations of any political subdivision of any state; certificates of deposit or time deposits of any national state bank or savings and loans which have deposits insured by the FDIC or FSLIC; prime bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia (Georgia Fund 1). Georgia Fund 1 was created under O.C.G.A. §36-83-8 and is a stable asset value investment pool, which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds and is regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The Georgia Fund 1's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The Georgia Fund 1 distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The Georgia Fund 1 also adjusts the value of its investments to fair market value as of yearend and the City's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is reported at fair value. The City considers amounts held in Georgia Fund 1 as investments for financial statement presentation.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market using the weighted average method. The City accounts for inventory on the purchase basis. Prepaid expenses are accounted for using the consumption method. A prepaid item is recognized when a cash expenditure is made for goods or services that were purchased for consumption, but not consumed as of June 30.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". Long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25 – 50
Machinery and equipment	5 – 10
Vehicles	5 – 10
Infrastructure	20 – 35

J. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as deferred charges, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, which is not materially different than the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to service already rendered and it is probable the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. For enterprise funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

L. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- **Committed** Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Commission may modify or rescind the commitment.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Fund Equity (Continued)

- **Assigned** Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the City Commission has authorized the City Manager or City Finance Director to assign fund balances.
- **Unassigned** Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. All of these items relate to the City's Retirement Plan and are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Experience differences result from periodic studies by the City's actuary, which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience differences are recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of the plan members. Changes in actuarial assumptions, which adjust the net pension liability, are also recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. Additionally, any contributions made by the City to the pension plan, before year end but subsequent to the measurement date of the City's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, one of which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The other item relates to the City's Retirement Plan and is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The net difference between projected an actual earnings on pension plan investments is deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period, resulting in recognition as deferred inflows of resources.

O. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Waycross Retirement Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION

The following funds had deficit fund balance/net positions at June 30, 2020:

	Fu	ınd Deficit
Special Revenue Funds:		
ATM Machine Fund	\$	832
Internal Service Funds:		
Health Insurance Fund	\$	2,843,083
Workers Compensation Fund		101,281
Warehouse Fund		22,617

The fund balance and net position deficits will be reduced through General Fund and Public Utility Fund transfers.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits was \$15,962,060 and the respective bank balances totaled \$15,436,798. The bank balances were collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the government's name.

As of June 30, 2020, the City's carrying amount of deposits, related bank balances, and other cash were as follows:

Amounts as presented on the entity-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,780,935
Amounts as presented on the fiduciary statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents - Agency Fund	 181,125
	_
Total	\$ 15,962,060
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ 15,962,060
	 -

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has a policy to reduce its exposure to this risk by requiring deposits to be collateralized in accordance with State law. As of June 30, 2020, the City's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Accounts Receivable

Receivables as of June 30, 2020, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts for governmental funds, are as follows:

		2014		No	onmajor	
	General	SPLOST	TSPLOST	Gov	ernmental	Total
Receivables:						
Taxes	\$ 752,078	\$ -	-	\$	-	\$ 752,078
Accounts	161,470	-	-		-	161,470
Intergovernmental	257,717	206,850	291,628		-	756,195
Other	-	-	-		84,897	84,897
Gross receivables	1,171,265	206,850	291,628		84,897	1,754,640
Less: allowance for						
uncollectibles	(99,450)	-	-		-	(99,450)
Net total receivables	\$ 1,071,815	\$ 206,850	291,628	\$	84,897	\$ 1,655,190

Receivables as of June 30, 2020, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts for business-type funds, are as follows:

	Public Utilities	Ма	Waste nagement	Internal Service		Total
Receivables:	 					
Accounts	\$ 927,492	\$	311,121	\$	9,256	\$ 1,247,869
Gross receivables	927,492		311,121		9,256	1,247,869
Less: allowance for						
uncollectibles	(219,947)		(46,573)		-	(266,520)
Net total receivables	\$ 707,545	\$	264,548	\$	9,256	\$ 981,349

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable on or before December 1. The City's taxes are billed and collected by the Ware County Tax Commissioner. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied. An allowance is established for delinquent taxes to the extent that the taxes are not collectible.

Hotel/Motel Lodging Taxes

The City is required to disburse funds received from the collection of hotel/motel taxes pursuant to O.C.G.A. §48-13- 51(a)(3.7). The tax rate is 5% and is levied on a monthly basis. The City received \$401,501 from the collection of the hotel/motel tax during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The City disbursed \$124,077 for the promotion of tourism. Lodging tax funds in the amount of \$261,475 were transferred to the General Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,099,609	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,099,609
Construction in progress	639,022	2,897,850		(1,199,725)	2,337,147
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	5,738,631	2,897,850		(1,199,725)	7,436,756
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	10,670,468	-	_	_	10,670,468
Machinery and equipment	4,149,004	497,574	_	_	4,646,578
Vehicles	5,954,967	194,046	(216,759)	-	5,932,254
Infrastructure	38,039,013	-	-	1,199,725	39,238,738
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	58,813,452	691,620	(216,759)	1,199,725	60,488,038
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(4,922,377)	(205,036)	_	_	(5,127,413)
Machinery and equipment	(3,281,123)	(256,911)	_	_	(3,538,034)
Vehicles	(5,132,467)	(272,795)	216,759		(5,188,503)
Infrastructure	(30,027,964)	(571,647)	-	-	(30,599,611)
Total accumulated depreciation	(43,363,931)	(1,306,389)	216,759	_	(44,453,561)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	15,449,521	(614,769)		1,199,725	16,034,477
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 21,188,152	\$ 2,283,081	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,471,233

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, the internal service funds capital assets are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, internal service fund capital assets with a net book value of \$92,592 are included in the above amounts.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and improvements	\$ 235,859	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 235,859
Construction in progress	2,173,709	319,147		(2,343,875)	148,981
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	2,409,568	319,147		(2,343,875)	384,840
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	12,194,323	-	-	-	12,194,323
Machinery and equipment	4,880,382	205,750	(139,961)	-	4,946,171
Vehicles	863,874	-	-	-	863,874
Infrastructure	53,802,450	-	-	2,343,875	56,146,325
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated	71,741,029	205,750	(139,961)	2,343,875	74,150,693
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(8,105,058)	(282,497)	-	-	(8,387,555)
Machinery and equipment	(4,485,013)	(63,769)	48,653	-	(4,500,129)
Vehicles	(809,246)	(20,486)	-	-	(829,732)
Infrastructure	(27,811,550)	(982,387)	-	-	(28,793,937)
Total accumulated depreciation	(41,210,867)	(1,349,139)	48,653	-	(42,511,353)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	30,530,162	(1,143,389)	(91,308)	2,343,875	31,639,340
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 32,939,730	\$ (824,242)	\$ (91,308)	\$ -	\$ 32,024,180

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	113,112
Public safety		434,399
Public works		741,673
Community development		17,205
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	1,306,389
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Business-type activities:		
Business-type activities: Public utilities	\$	1,176,908
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	1,176,908 35,149
Public utilities	\$, ,
Public utilities Waste management	\$	35,149

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	 Additions	Reductions		Ending Reductions Balance		Due With One Yea	
Governmental activities:								
Capital leases	\$ 344,029	\$ 97,465	\$	(107,704)	\$	333,790	\$	94,734
Notes payable	522,500	-		(30,000)		492,500		30,000
Net pension liability	5,013,749	4,102,270		(1,937,319)		7,178,700		-
Compensated absences	420,817	346,475		(247,992)		519,300		155,790
Governmental activity		 						
Long-term liabilities	\$ 6,301,095	\$ 4,546,210	\$	(2,323,015)	\$	8,524,290	\$	280,524
Business-type activities:	_		-	_				
Capital leases	\$ 71,923	\$ _	\$	(42,511)	\$	29,412	\$	25,377
Loans payable	4,811,617	275,555		(949,295)		4,137,877		973,863
Compensated absences	20,609	22,389		(10,596)		32,402		9,721
Business-type activity	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		· · · /				<u> </u>
Long-term liabilities	\$ 4,904,149	\$ 297,944	\$	(1,002,402)	\$	4,199,691	\$	1,008,961

Liabilities for compensated absences are liquidated using resources from the fund in which the employee terminating service previously charged their salary and benefits to, which is the General Fund, Cemetery Fund, and Waste Management Fund. The net pension liability is liquidated by the General Fund.

Notes and Loans Payable

Business-type Activities Loans:

In October 1998, the City entered into a loan agreement (98-L68WJ) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for certain water and sewer projects for a total amount of \$2,000,000. Repayment is over 80 quarterly payments beginning September 1, 2001 at 4.1%. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance on this loan was \$76,831 and quarterly payments are \$38,616.

In August 2000, the City entered into a loan program (CWSRF 00-001) with the Georgia Department of Natural Resources and the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for certain sewer improvements for a total amount of \$935,467. Repayment is over 78 quarterly payments at 3% beginning September 1, 2002. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of this loan was \$96,038 and quarterly payments are \$16,124. This loan is to be repaid from revenues of the Water and Sewer System; however, the obligation to repay this loan is a general obligation of the City to which it has dedicated its general power of taxation.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes and Loans Payable (Continued)

Business-type Activities Loans (Continued):

In September 2000, the City entered into a loan agreement (2000-L36WJ) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for sewer improvements for a total amount of \$9,815,000. Repayment is over 80 quarterly payments beginning October 1, 2002 at 2%. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance was \$1,221,783 and quarterly payments of \$154,018. This loan is to be repaid from revenues of the Water and Sewer System; however, the obligation to repay this loan is a general obligation of the City.

In June 2003, the City entered into a loan agreement (CWSRF-00-020) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for certain water and sewer projects. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance was \$837,388. Repayment is over 80 quarterly payments of \$34,376 at 3%. This loan is to be repaid from revenues of the Water and Sewer System; however, the obligation to repay this loan is a general obligation of the City.

In November 2009, the City entered into a loan agreement (CW09071PF60) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for the construction of a litter trap. The total amount received was \$120,785 as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA"). The ARRA funds will help finance water system improvements through a low-interest loan in the amount of \$47,393 and a subsidy of \$80,400. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding loan balance was \$2,687. Repayment is over 120 monthly payments of \$451 at 3%.

In October 2016, the City entered into a loan agreement (DW2016005) with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for replacement of existing water meters with an advanced metering infrastructure system ("AMI") and software upgrades. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance was \$1,903,151. Repayment is over 180 monthly payments of \$11,340 at .65%.

Debt service requirements to maturities on these loans, including interest, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Payable		Total		Principal		Interest
2024	Φ.	4 024 002	ф	072.002	c	C4 040
2021	\$	1,034,882	\$	973,863	\$	61,019
2022		954,151		912,450		41,701
2023		291,449		264,132		27,317
2024		273,584		250,836		22,748
2025		273,584		255,432		18,152
2026 – 2030		893,348		855,181		38,167
2031 – 2035		635,685		625,983		9,702
	\$	4,356,683	\$	4,137,877	\$	218,806

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes and Loans Payable (Continued)

Governmental Activities Note:

In March 2010, the City entered into an agreement with BC Waycross Associates, LLP to finance construction of storm water infrastructure and a regional storm water retention pond on the owner's property to accept off-site storm water runoff and render owner's property suitable for development. The total amount financed of \$800,000 is due in 320 monthly payments of \$2,500 beginning March 15, 2010 at 0% interest. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance on this loan was \$492,500.

Debt service requirements to maturities on this loan are as follows:

Fiscal Year Payable	Total Princip		Principal	Interest		
2021	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	-
2022		30,000		30,000		-
2023		30,000		30,000		-
2024		30,000		30,000		-
2025		30,000		30,000		-
2026 – 2030		150,000		150,000		-
2031 – 2035		150,000		150,000		-
2036 and 2037		42,500		42,500		
	\$	492,500	\$	492,500	\$	-

Capital Leases

The City has entered into various lease agreements as lessee to finance various machinery and equipment. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The following is a summary of equipment leased under capital lease agreements by the City as of June 30, 2020.

	 Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Total		
Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 737,933 (405,528)	\$	203,614 (147,984)	\$	941,547 (553,512)	
Carrying value	\$ 332,405	\$	55,630	\$	388,035	

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Capital Leases (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under these capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

Fiscal year ending	 rernmental activities	iness-type ctivities	 Total
2021	\$ 104,990	\$ 29,700	\$ 134,690
2022	102,501	_	102,501
2023	86,133	-	86,133
2024	47,549	-	47,549
2025	22,437	-	22,437
Total minimum lease payments	363,610	29,700	393,310
Less amount representing interest	(29,820)	(288)	(30,108)
Present value of future minimum			
lease payments	333,790	29,412	363,202
Less current maturities	(94,734)	(25,377)	(120,111)
	\$ 239,056	\$ 4,035	\$ 243,091

NOTE 7. PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City, as authorized by the City Commission, has established a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan, the City of Waycross Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), covering substantially all of the City's employees. The City's pension plan is administered through the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System ("GMEBS"), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided by the Plan whereby retirees receive between 1% and 1.75% multiplied by the average of the five highest years of regular earnings multiplied by the total credited years of service. The City Commission, in its role as the Plan sponsor, has the governing authority to establish and amend from time to time, the benefits provided and the contribution rates of the City and its employees. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained at www.gmanet.com or by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

NOTE 7. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan membership. As of January 1, 2020, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	183
Inactive plan members entitled to, but not receiving benefits	72
Active plan members	175
Total	430

Contributions. The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the Plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the Plan. The funding policy for the Plan, as adopted by the City Commission, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members, as determined by the City Commission. City contributions to the Plan were \$900,975 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

B. Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019, with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of September 30, 2019.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.25%, plus service based merit increases

Investment rate of return 7.375%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with gender-distinct rates, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

NOTE 7. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term expected real
Asset class	allocation	rate of return*
Domestic equity	45 %	6.41%
International equity	20	6.96
Domestic fixed income	20	1.96
Real estate	10	4.76
Global fixed income	5	3.06
Cash		
Total	100 %	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.25% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 7. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the City. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	To	otal Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability
		(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)
Beginning Balance	\$	28,503,815	\$	23,490,066	\$ 5,013,749
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		198,141		-	198,141
Interest		2,080,959		-	2,080,959
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		323,138		-	323,138
Contributions – employer		-		1,252,633	(1,252,633)
Net investment income		-		684,686	(684,686)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(1,911,684)		(1,911,684)	-
Administrative expense		-		(43,141)	43,141
Other changes		1,456,891		-	1,456,891
Net changes		2,147,445		(17,506)	 2,164,951
Ending Balance	\$	30,651,260	\$	23,472,560	\$ 7,178,700

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.375%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.375%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.375%) than the current rate:

		Current						
	1% Decrease (6.375%)		Discount Rate (7.375%)			1% Increase (8.375%)		
City's net pension liability	\$	10,579,473	\$	7,178,700	\$	4,317,830		

NOTE 7. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of September 30, 2019, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

C. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,412,171. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
	of	Resources	of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	160,650
Differences between expected and actual experience		267,144		-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,092,669		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		900,975		-
Total	\$	2,260,788	\$	160,650

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$900,975 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2021	\$ 171,622
2022	268,199
2023	549,195
2024	 210,147
Total	\$ 1,199,163

NOTE 8. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2020, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded.

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Due To											
		PublicGeneralUtilities										
Due From												
Health Insurance Fund	\$	1,028,683	\$	1,831,771	\$	2,860,454						
Warehouse Fund		24,262		43,203		67,465						
Total	\$	1,052,945	\$	1,874,974	\$	2,927,919						

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services. Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended are recorded as transfers and are reported as other financial sources (uses) in the Governmental Funds and transfers section in the Proprietary Funds.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

		Trans	fer To				
	General	onmajor ernmental		Waste nagement	Total		
Transfer From							
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 36,077	\$	86,600	\$	122,677	
Nonmajor Governmental	261,475	-		-		261,475	
Total	\$ 261,475	\$ 36,077	\$	86,600	\$	384,152	

NOTE 9. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with IRS Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The City funds are amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, at the direction of the covered employee, through investments in fixed and variable annuity contracts underwritten by Nationwide Life Insurance Company.

NOTE 9. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

In accordance with current GASB pronouncements, the deferred compensation plan is no longer included in the financial statements. Plan assets are held in trust for the benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries and will not be diverted for any other purpose. Amendments to the laws governing Section 457, deferred compensation plans, substantially became effective January 1, 1997.

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City has participated in a number of federally assisted grant programs, principal of which are the FEMA Grant, EIP Revolving Loan, and CDBG Grants. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could result in request for reimbursement by the Federal and State agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by granting agencies cannot be determined at this time; although, the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. The City estimates that the potential claims from the pending lawsuits against the City, not covered by insurance, would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 11. JOINT VENTURES

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the eighteen county South Georgia area, is a member of the Southern Georgia Regional Development Commission ("SGRC") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City paid \$17,611 in such dues. Membership in the SGRC is required by the O.C.G.A. §50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the RCs in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes elected officials from member counties and cities and nonpublic appointed members. The law defines RCs as "public agencies and instrumentalities of their members". Georgia laws also provide that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC beyond its resources. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Southern Georgia Regional Commission 1725 South Georgia Parkway Waycross, Georgia 31503

The Housing Authority of the City of Waycross, Georgia is considered a related organization based upon the criteria in GASB Statement 14. The Housing Authority is a legally separate entity having a board composed of a majority of members appointed originally by the City. The City is not able to impose its will upon the Housing Authority and a financial benefit/burden relationship does not exist between them. Therefore, based upon the criteria above, the Housing Authority of the City of Waycross, Georgia is a related organization.

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During the fiscal year 1992, the City established internal service funds to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The City maintains commercial insurance coverage covering general liability claims and property damage claims.

In January 1992, the City established a limited risk program for workers' compensation. The City hired Corvel Corporation as administrator for this program. The plan provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$350,000 for each worker's compensation claim. The City purchases commercial insurance for these claims in excess of coverage provided by these funds and for all other insignificant risks of loss. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the commercial coverages.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the funds based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses.

Also, the City has established an internal service fund to account for its self-insurance program relating to workers compensation insurance. The purpose of this fund is to pay worker's compensation claims of the city employees while minimizing the total costs to the municipality. The City maintains a stop-loss policy with a private insurance company. City officials believe that the reserve in this fund is adequate to cover any incurred, but not reported, losses through the statement date. Changes in the claims liability amount in the fiscal years 2018 – 2020 were:

	В	alance	С	laims and			В	alance	
Fiscal Year				hanges in Estimates	P	Claim Payments	End of Fiscal Year		
2018	\$	26,050	\$	530,985	\$	485,558	\$	71,477	
2019		71,477		3,149,659		2,473,648		747,488	
2020		747,488		2,778,272		2,639,121		886,639	

NOTE 13. FUND EQUITY

The City's fund balances at June 30, 2020 are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – The following fund balances are nonspendable because they are allocated to:

General Fund:	
Inventories	\$ 32,171
WPD Info Technology Fund:	
Prepaids	 4,996
Total Nonspendable	\$ 37,167
Restricted – The following fund balances are restricted for:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Cemetery Fund - used to account for funds that accumulated for cemetery improvements and expansion.	\$ 1,221
Forfeited Property Fund - used to account for funds received from property forfeitures.	8,387
Jail Fund - used to account for vending revenue of the jail.	762
EIP Revolving Loan Fund - used to account for revolving loans issued to local businesses.	102,292
Waycross Fire Dept. Fund - used to account for contributions and miscellaneous grants received for the purpose of the fire department.	3,464
FEMA Grants Fund - used to account for the expenditure and reimbursement of FEMA grant funds.	565
Misc Grants Fund - used to account for the expenditure and reimbursement of various grant funds.	25,977
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - used to account for hotel/motel tax revenues.	 262,407
Total Restricted for Special Revenue	\$ 405,075

NOTE 14. FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Restricted (Continued) – The following fund balances are restricted for:

Capital Project Funds:

SPLOST 2008 – 2013 Fund - used to account for capital projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax.	\$ 116
SPLOST 2014 Fund - used to account for capital projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax.	4,403,860
TSPLOST Fund - used to account for capital projects financed with transportation special purpose local option sales tax.	6,760,439
LMIG Fund - used to account for capital projects financed with Georgia DOT local maintenance improvement program.	 446,705
Total Restricted for Capital Projects	\$ 11,611,120
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 12,016,195

<u>Committed</u> – The following fund balances are committed to:

Special Revenue Funds:

Community Development Fund - used to account for	
miscellaneous revenues that are committed to community	
development expenditures.	\$ 55,308
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ 55,308

NOTE 14. FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

<u>Assigned</u> – The following fund balances are assigned to:

Special Revenue Funds:

Okefenokee Classic Fund - used to account for activity involving Okefenokee classic and related community events. Misc Fund - used to account for donations for the purpose of upkeep and improvements to Henry Walker Park. 5,179 Fallen Firefighter Scholarship Fund - used to account for donations for the purpose of awarding scholarships. 13,797 Total Assigned Fund Balance	WPD Info Technology Fund - used to account for fines and forfeitures that are restricted for the use of police department	•	
involving Okefenokee classic and related community events. 43,237 Misc Fund - used to account for donations for the purpose of upkeep and improvements to Henry Walker Park. 5,179 Fallen Firefighter Scholarship Fund - used to account for donations for the purpose of awarding scholarships. 13,797	information technology expenditures.	\$	8,787
upkeep and improvements to Henry Walker Park. 5,179 Fallen Firefighter Scholarship Fund - used to account for donations for the purpose of awarding scholarships. 13,797	•		43,237
donations for the purpose of awarding scholarships. 13,797	·		5,179
Total Assigned Fund Balance \$ 71,000	·		13,797
	Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$	71,000

<u>Unassigned</u> – The City's policy is to maintain an adequate General Fund unassigned balance to provide liquidity in the event of economic downturn or natural disaster.

The following balances are unassigned:

General Fund	\$ 2,012,164
ATM Machine Fund - negative restricted fund balance reported as unassigned.	(832)
Total Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 2,011,332

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

		2020	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total pension liability											
Service cost	\$	198,141	\$ 192,647	\$	225,540	\$	207,015	\$	227,258	\$	251,053
Interest on total pension liability		2,080,959	2,040,414		1,990,517		1,892,540		1,792,817		1,793,391
Differences between expected and actual experience		323,138	74,368		227,231		720,404		750,194		7,838
Changes of assumptions			-		-		-		-		(652,628)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,911,684)	(1,632,975)		(1,592,095)		(1,519,404)		(1,447,622)		(1,366,508)
Other		1,456,891	 -	_	498,035		-	_	<u>-</u>		
Net change in total pension liability		2,147,445	674,454		1,349,228		1,300,555		1,322,647		33,146
Total pension liability - beginning		28,503,815	27,829,361		26,480,133		25,179,578		23,856,931		23,823,785
Total pension liability - ending (a)	_	30,651,260	 28,503,815		27,829,361		26,480,133		25,179,578		23,856,931
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer		1,252,633	1,155,866		1,295,082		1,052,861		1,271,784		1,346,236
Net investment income		684,686	2,149,941		2,888,955		1,970,741		215,191		1,828,654
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,911,684)	(1,632,975)		(1,592,095)		(1,519,404)		(1,447,622)		(1,366,508)
Administrative expenses		(43,141)	(46,405)		(49,773)		(29,741)		(33,233)		(26,282)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(17,506)	1,626,427		2,542,169		1,474,457		6,120		1,782,100
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		23,490,066	21,863,639		19,321,470		17,847,013		17,840,893		16,058,793
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	23,472,560	23,490,066		21,863,639	_	19,321,470		17,847,013	_	17,840,893
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,178,700	\$ 5,013,749	\$	5,965,722	\$	7,158,663	\$	7,332,565	\$	6,016,038
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the											
total pension liability		76.6%	82.4%		78.6%		73.0%		70.9%		74.8%
Covered payroll	\$	5,852,603	\$ 6,590,887	\$	6,483,790	\$	7,006,241	\$	6,658,368	\$	6,733,231
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		122.7%	76.1%		92.0%		102.2%		110.1%		89.3%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016			2015	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,265,356	\$	1,201,300	\$	1,262,900	\$	1,175,945	\$	1,142,494	\$	1,313,925	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	1,265,356	_	1,201,300	_	1,262,900		1,173,157	_	1,047,286	_	1,314,801	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,788	\$	95,208	\$	(876)	
Covered employee payroll	\$	5,852,603	\$	6,590,887	\$	6,483,790	\$	7,006,241	\$	6,658,368	\$	6,733,231	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		21.6%		18.2%		19.5%		16.7%		15.7%		19.5%	

Notes to the Schedule:

Valuation Date January 1, 2020 Cost Method Projected Unit Credit

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amounts

that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at the end of the year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of

Assumed Rate of Return

On Investments 7.375%

Projected Salary Increases 2.25%, plus service based merit increases

Cost-of-living Adjustment 0.00%

Amortization Method Closed level dollar for unfunded liability

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Cemetery Fund accounts for the revenues received for the upkeep of cemetery lots within the City.

The **Forfeited Property Fund** accounts for confiscated and condemned funds received and disbursed for law enforcement expenditures.

The **Jail Fund** accounts for revenues collected by the imposition of a 10% add-on fine as provided for by the Georgia Jail Construction and Staffing Act.

The WPD Info Technology Fund accounts for fees collected for information technology.

The **Community Development Fund** accounts for the receipt and expenditures of monies received from community block grants for improvements to the community.

The EIP Revolving Loan Fund accounts the operations of the City's revolving loans for various activities.

The Waycross Fire Dept. Fund accounts for the activity of the City's fire department.

The Okefenokee Classic Fund accounts for activities for the Okefenokee Classic.

The **FEMA Grants Fund** accounts for the federal grant monies received from the Federal Emergency Management Association.

The Miscellaneous Grants Fund accounts for grants that are not significant in nature.

The Hotel/Motel Tax Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for hotel/motel taxes collected by the City.

The Miscellaneous Fund accounts for miscellaneous items not associated with any existing funds.

The Fallen Firefighters Scholarship Fund accounts for scholarship monies raised for fallen firefighters.

The ATM Machine Fund accounts for fees earned at the ATM Machine.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The **LMIG Fund** accounts for local maintenance and improvements grants received by the City.

The **SPLOST 2008 – 2013 Fund** accounts for the special one cent sales tax revenues that are specifically restricted to various capital improvements within the City limits.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

					s	pecial Re	venu	e Funds			
	Cemetery Fund		Forfeited Property Fund			Jail Fund		/PD Info chnology Fund	ommunity velopment Fund	EIP Revolving Loan Fund	
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	8,387	\$	762	\$	7,400	\$ 55,308	\$	50,987
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		4,996	-		-
Other receivable		3,100		-		-		1,387	 -		51,305
Total assets	\$	3,100	\$	8,387	\$	762	\$	13,783	\$ 55,308	\$	102,292
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable and accrued											
liabilities	\$	1,879	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total liabilities		1,879		-		-		-	-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		4,996	-		-
Restricted		1,221		8,387		762		-	-		102,292
Committed		-		-		-		-	55,308		-
Assigned		-		-		-		8,787			-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-	-		-
Total fund balances (deficits)		1,221		8,387		762		13,783	55,308		102,292
Total liabilities and											
fund balances (deficits)	\$	3,100	\$	8,387	\$	762	\$	13,783	\$ 55,308	\$	102,292

(Continued)

							Special Re	even	ue Funds						
Fi	aycross re Dept. Fund	Okefenokee Classic Fund		FEMA Grants Fund		Misc Grants Fund		Hotel/Motel Tax Fund		Miscellaneous Fund		Fallen Firefighters Scholarship		N	ATM Machine Fund
\$	3,464	\$	41,512	\$	565	\$	26,057	\$	239,933	\$	5,179	\$	13,797	\$	17,468
	-		- 1,725		-		-		- 27,380		-		-		-
\$	3,464	\$	43,237	\$	565	\$	26,057	\$	267,313	\$	5,179	\$	13,797	\$	17,468
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	80 80	\$	4,906 4,906	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	18,300 18,300
	- 3,464		-		- 565		- 25,977		- 262,407		-		-		-
	5,404		-		-		25,911		202,407		-		-		-
	-		43,237		-		-		-		5,179		13,797		-
															(832)
	3,464		43,237		565	_	25,977	_	262,407		5,179		13,797		(832)
\$	3,464	\$	43,237	\$	565	\$	26,057	\$	267,313	\$	5,179	\$	13,797	\$	17,468

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Capital Pr	oject F	unds		
		LMIG Fund	200	PLOST 08-2013 Fund		Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	446,705	\$	116	\$	917,640
Prepaid expenses		-		-		4,996
Other receivable				-		84,897
Total assets	\$	446,705	\$	116	\$	1,007,533
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	_	\$	_	\$	25,165
Total liabilities		-			<u> </u>	25,165
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
Nonspendable		-		-		4,996
Restricted		446,705		116		851,896
Committed		-		-		55,308
Assigned		-		-		71,000
Unassigned		-		-		(832)
Total fund balances (deficits)		446,705		116		982,368
Total liabilities and						
fund balances (deficits)	\$	446,705	\$	116	\$	1,007,533

(Concluded)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Special Re	venue Funds		
	Cemetery Fund	Forfeited Property Fund	Jail Fund	WPD Info Technology Fund	Community Development Fund	EIP Revolving Loan Fund
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fees	-	11,792	-	7,400	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest revenue	-	-	-	-	-	8,483
Other revenues	192,296	_	1,945	-	-	-
Total revenues	192,296	11,792	1,945	7,400	-	8,483
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	_	-	-	_	75,000
Public safety	_	23,166	1,920	-	_	-
Public works	228,695	· -	-	-	_	-
Community development	· <u>-</u>	_	-	-	1,450	-
Capital outlay	_	_	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	228,695	23,166	1,920		1,450	75,000
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(36,399)	(11,374)	25	7,400	(1,450)	(66,517)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	36,077	_	-	-	_	-
Transfers out	· <u>-</u>	_	-	-	_	-
Total other financing				· ·		
sources (uses)	36,077					
Net change in fund						
balances	(322)	(11,374)	25	7,400	(1,450)	(66,517)
Fund balances (deficits),						
beginning of year	1,543	19,761	737	6,383	56,758	168,809
Fund balances (deficits),						
end of year	<u>\$ 1,221</u>	\$ 8,387	\$ 762	\$ 13,783	\$ 55,308	\$ 102,292

(Continued)

				5	Special Re	evenu	ıe Funds					
Waycross Fire Dept. Fund	Okefenoke Classic Fund	e 	FEMA Grants Fund	(Misc Grants Fund	Но	tel/Motel Tax Fund	ellaneous Fund	Fallen Firefighters Scholarship			ATM Machine Fund
\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	401,501	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
500		-	-		-		-	-		-		-
-	,		-		187,822 1		-	1		-		- 395
702		-	3,996		-		_	-		6,814		5,315
1,202			3,996		187,823		401,501	1		6,814		5,710
_		_	_		_		_	_		_		31,574
6,525		-	-		-		-	-		-		-
-		-	-		143,326		-	-		-		-
-		-	-		45,299		124,077	-		5,500		-
6,525			-		188,625		124,077	 -		5,500	_	31,574
3,323	_											
(5,323)	<u> </u>	3,996		(802)		277,424	 1_		1,314		(25,864)
-			-		-		- (261,475)	-		-		-
						_	(== 1, 11 =)					
							(261,475)	 <u> </u>				-
(5,323)	-	3,996		(802)		15,949	1		1,314		(25,864)
8,787	43,237	<u>,</u> _	(3,431)		26,779		246,458	 5,178		12,483		25,032
\$ 3,464	\$ 43,237	<u> </u>	565	\$	25,977	\$	262,407	\$ 5,179	\$	13,797	\$	(832)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Capital Pr	oject Funds	
	LMIG Fund	SPLOST 2008-2013 Fund	Totals
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 401,501
Fees	-	-	19,692
Intergovernmental	489,613	-	677,435
Interest revenue	-	4,241	13,121
Other revenues			211,068
Total revenues	489,613	4,241	1,322,817
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	-	-	106,574
Public safety	-	-	31,611
Public works	-	-	372,021
Community development	-	-	176,326
Capital outlay	514,879	477,890	992,769
Total expenditures	514,879	477,890	1,679,301
Excess (deficiency) of			
revenues over (under)			
expenditures	(25,266)	(473,649)	(356,484)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	-	36,077
Transfers out	-	-	(261,475)
Total other financing			
sources (uses)			(225,398)
Net change in fund			
balances	(25,266)	(473,649)	(581,882)
Fund balances (deficits),			
beginning of year	471,971	473,765	1,564,250
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 446,705	\$ 116	\$ 982,368

(Concluded)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS - 2008-2013 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Original		Current			Ex	penditures	
	ı	Estimated	ı	Estimated		Prior		Current	
roject Description		Cost	_	Cost	_	Years		Year	 Total
Roads and streets	\$	5,381,812	\$	5,381,812	\$	3,739,852	\$	-	\$ 3,739,852
Public buildings		3,600,000		3,600,000		3,629,919		477,890	4,107,809
Information technology		75,000		75,000		60,921		-	60,921
Water and sewer rehabilitation									
and expansion		2,000,000		2,000,000		1,132,751		-	1,132,751
Fire and special purpose vehicles		1,350,000		1,369,332		1,369,332		-	1,369,332
Property acquisition and demolition		600,000		600,000		133,908		-	133,908
Downtown Development Authority		500,000		500,000		387,259			 387,259
	\$	13,506,812	\$	13,526,144	\$	10,453,942	\$	477,890	\$ 10,931,832

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS - 2014 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Original		Revised			Е	xpenditures		
		Estimated		Estimated		Prior		Current		
Project Description	Cost		Cost			Years	<u>Year</u>			Total
Roads, streets and bridge										
improvements and equipment	\$	5,740,000	\$	5,740,000	\$	2,167,374	\$	1,451,942	\$	3,619,316
Water and sewer rehabilitation		1,000,000		1,000,000		554,079		331,444		885,523
Public facility improvements,										
demolition and acquisition		6,422,000		6,422,000		2,583,458		848,541		3,431,999
Public safety and special										
purpose vehicle fleet		1,500,000		1,500,000		1,424,400		-		1,424,400
City park improvements		435,000		435,000		70,109		80,279		150,388
Development authority										
construction, infrastructure										
economic development		250,000		250,000		7,500		66,282		73,782
Information technology										
equipment, software										
and training		125,000		125,000		157,887				157,887
	•	45 470 000	•	45 470 000	•	0.004.007	•	0.770.400	•	0.740.005
	\$	15,472,000	\$	15,472,000	\$	6,964,807	\$	2,778,488	\$	9,743,295

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original	Revised		Expenditures							
Project Description	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total						
Roads, streets and bridge improvements and equipment	\$ 1,694,60	06 \$ 1,706,401	\$ 27,094	\$ 1,057,678	\$ 1,084,772						
	\$ 1,694,60	06 \$ 1,706,401	\$ 27,094	\$ 1,057,678	\$ 1,084,772						

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The Health Insurance Fund accounts for health insurance provided to departments of the City.

The Workers Compensation Fund accounts for workers comp insurance provided to departments of the City.

The **Liability Insurance Fund** accounts for liability insurance provided to departments of the City.

The **Retirement Fund** accounts for retirement costs provided to departments of the City.

The **Payroll Fund** accounts for payroll services provided to departments of the City.

The Warehouse Fund accounts for storage of certain supplies and materials for the City's use.

The City Garage Fund accounts for fleet management services provided to departments of the City.

The Enterprise Fleet Management Fund accounts for fleets leasing of vehicles.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Health Insurance Fund			Workers npensation Fund	Liability Insurance Fund		
ASSETS							
CURRENT ASSETS	_		_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,995	\$	785,358	\$	762,072	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		9,256		-		-	
Inventories		<u>-</u>					
Total current assets		36,251		785,358		762,072	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS							
Capital assets, depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		-		-		-	
Total non-current assets		-		-		-	
Total assets		36,251		785,358		762,072	
LIABILITIES							
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		18,880		886,639		10,785	
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		2,860,454		-		-	
Current portion - capital leases		-		-		-	
Total current liabilities		2,879,334		886,639		10,785	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Capital leases payable, net of current portion		_		_		_	
Total non-current liabilities						_	
Total liabilities		2,879,334		886,639		10,785	
NET POSITION							
Unrestricted		(2,843,083)		(101,281)		751,287	
Total net position	\$	(2,843,083)	\$	(101,281)	\$	751,287	

F	Retirement Payroll Fund Fund		•	Warehouse Fund		Ci	ty Garage Fund	nterprise Management Fund	Total Internal Service Funds		
\$	393,253	\$	31,018	\$	60,273	\$	80,676	\$ 15,002	\$	2,154,647	
	-		-		-		-	-		9,256	
	-		-		-		29,039	-		29,039	
	393,253		31,018		60,273		109,715	15,002		2,192,942	
	_		-		-		_	92,592		92,592	
			_		_		_	 92,592		92,592	
	393,253		31,018		60,273		109,715	107,594		2,285,534	
	-		11,902		15,425		2,944	3,663		950,238	
	-		-		-		14,817	-		14,817	
	-		-		67,465		-			2,927,919	
	<u>-</u>							 19,344		19,344	
			11,902		82,890		17,761	23,007		3,912,318	
	-		-		-		-	73,616		73,616	
	-		-		-		-	73,616		73,616	
			11,902		82,890		17,761	96,623		3,985,934	
	393,253		19,116		(22,617)		91,954	10,971		(1,700,400)	
\$	393,253	\$	19,116	\$	(22,617)	\$	91,954	\$ 10,971	\$	(1,700,400)	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Health Insurance Fund			Vorkers npensation Fund	Liability Insurance Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES	_		_		_		
Charges for services	\$	787,870	\$.	\$	<u>-</u>	
Operating contributions		1,530,002		560,001		305,005	
Total operating revenues		2,317,872		560,001		305,005	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services		-		-		-	
Purchased or contracted service		-		-		-	
Repairs and maintenance		-		-		-	
Insurance claims and expenses		2,639,017		615,698		311,963	
Retirement payments		-		-		-	
Depreciation		-		-		-	
Total operating expenses		2,639,017		615,698		311,963	
Operating income (loss)		(321,145)		(55,697)		(6,958)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest expense		-		-		-	
Interest revenue		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous revenue		277,726		642,006		14,452	
Total non-operating revenues, net		277,726		642,006		14,452	
Change in net position		(43,419)		586,309		7,494	
NET POSITION, beginning of year		(2,799,664)		(687,590)		743,793	
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	(2,843,083)	\$	(101,281)	\$	751,287	

Retirement Fund	Payroll Fund			-	arage nd	Enterp Fleet Man Fur	agement	Total Internal Service Funds		
\$ -	\$ -	\$	- :	\$	_	\$	_	\$	787,870	
1,209,515	5,418		-		395,528		-		4,005,469	
1,209,515	5,418				395,528		-		4,793,339	
-	-		11,931		300,844		_		312,775	
-	-		-		21,019		3,663		24,682	
-	-		-		19,281		-		19,281	
-	20,058		-		-		-		3,586,736	
1,201,300	-		-		-		-		1,201,300	
-	-		-		-		4,873		4,873	
1,201,300	20,058		11,931		341,144		8,536		5,149,647	
8,215	(14,640)	(11,931)		54,384		(8,536)		(356,308)	
-	-		_		-		(783)		(783)	
-	799		-		-		-		799	
-			<u> </u>		-		20,290		954,474	
-	799						19,507		954,490	
8,215	(13,841)	(11,931)		54,384		10,971		598,182	
385,038	32,957	(10,686)		37,570				(2,298,582)	
\$ 393,253	\$ 19,116	\$ (2	22,617)	\$	91,954	\$	10,971	\$	(1,700,400)	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Health Insurance Fund		Workers npensation Fund	Liability Insurance Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,621,460	\$	_	\$	_	
Receipts from other funds for services	φ	2,021,400	φ	560.001	φ	305,005	
Payments to suppliers		(2,899,186)		(476,547)		(301,178)	
Payments to employees		(2,099,100)		(470,347)		(301,170)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(277,726)		83,454		3,827	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue		277,726		642,006		14,452	
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		277,726		642,006		14,452	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND							
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		-		-	
Proceeds from capital leases payable		-		-		-	
Principal paid on capital leases		-		-		-	
Interest paid Net cash used in capital and						<u>-</u>	
related financing activities						_	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING							
ACTIVITIES							
Interest revenue							
Net cash provided by investing activities		-		-			
Change in cash and cash equivalents		-		725,460		18,279	
Cash and cash equivalents:		26.005		E0 909		742 702	
Beginning of year		26,995		59,898		743,793	
End of year	\$	26,995	\$	785,358	\$	762,072	

(Continued)

rement und	Payroll Fund	Warehouse Fund		City Garage Fund		Enterpris Fleet Manag Fund		Total Internal Service Funds		
1,209,515 1,201,300) -	\$ - 5,418 (19,987)	\$	1,097 10,834 (11,931)	\$	395,528 (41,970) (306,888)	\$	- - -	\$	2,621,460 2,476,564 (4,929,334) (318,819)	
 8,215	(14,569)		<u>-</u>		46,670			·	(150,129)	
 						2	20,290		954,474	
 						2	20,290		954,474	
- - - -	- - -		- - - -		- - -	Ş	97,465) 97,465 (4,505) (783)		(97,465) 97,465 (4,505) (783)	
			<u>-</u>				(5,288)		(5,288)	
	799								799	
8,215	799 (13,770)		<u>-</u> -	·	46,670	1	15,002		799 799,856	
385,038	44,788		60,273		34,006				1,354,791	
\$ 393,253	\$ 31,018	\$	60,273	\$	80,676	\$ 1	15,002	\$	2,154,647	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Health Insurance Fund		Workers Compensation Fund		Liability Insurance Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	•	(004 445)	•	(55.007)	•	(0.050)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(321,145)	\$	(55,697)	\$	(6,958)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
(loss) to net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities						
Depreciation		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Increase in accounts receivable		(119)		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(260,169)		139,151		10,785
Decrease in accrued liabilities		_		, -		· -
Increase in due to other funds		303,707		-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(277,726)	\$	83,454	\$	3,827

(Concluded)

Re	tirement Fund	Payroll Fund	Warehouse Fund				City Garage Fund	Enterprise Fleet Management Fund	lı	Total nternal Service Funds
\$	8,215	\$ (14,640)	\$	(11,931)	\$	54,384	(8,536)	\$	(356,308)	
	-	-		-		-	4,873		4,873	
	- - - -	- 71 - -		10,834 - 1,097		(1,670) (6,044)	3,663 - -		(119) (97,335) (6,044) 304,804	
\$	8,215	\$ (14,569)	\$		\$	46,670		\$	(150,129)	

AGENCY FUNDS

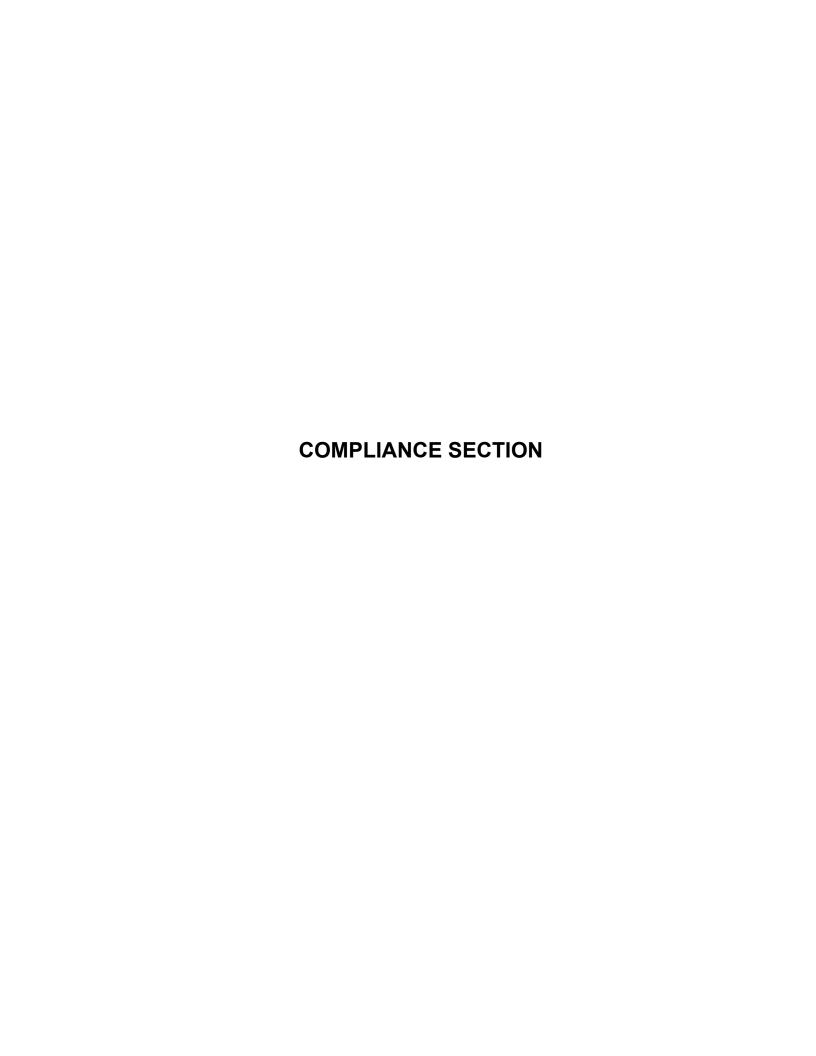
Agency funds are used to account for short-term custodial collections on resources on behalf of another individual, entity, or government.

The **Police Condemnation Fund** accounts for monies seized that are waiting to be disposed of by the court system.

The **Municipal Court Fund** accounts for court bonds held awaiting court dates.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ACCETC	Police Condemnation		N	Municipal Court		Total Agency Funds	
ASSETS	\$	44 206	φ	120 720	ď	101 105	
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф	41,386	\$	139,739	\$	181,125	
Total assets		41,386		139,739		181,125	
LIABILITIES							
Refundable court bonds		-		139,739		139,739	
Seized funds held		41,386		<u>-</u>		41,386	
Total liabilities	\$	41,386	\$	139,739	\$	181,125	





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Waycross, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Waycross, Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Waycross, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2020-002 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2020-001.

City of Waycross, Georgia's Responses to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia March 29, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	XYesNo
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	X_ Yes No

Federal Awards

There was not an audit of major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020, due to the total amount expended being less than \$750,000.

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2020 - 001. Special Revenue Fund Budgets

Criteria: In accordance with state law, all local governments shall operate under an annual balanced budget for the General Fund, each special revenue fund, and each debt service fund in use by the local government.

Condition/Context: Management has not adopted an annual budget for the Forfeited Property Fund, Jail Fund, Okefenokee Classic Fund, and ATM Machine Fund.

Effect: The purpose of state law is to establish minimum budget, accounting, and auditing requirements for local governments so as to provide local taxpayers with an opportunity to gain information concerning the purposes for which local revenues are proposed to be spent and are actually spent and to assist local governments in generally improving local financial management practices. When budgets are not adopted it is difficult for local taxpayers and other interested parties to gain information on how local revenues were proposed to be spent.

Cause: Oversight during budget process.

Recommendation: We recommend management adopt budgets for all special revenue funds.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management agrees with the finding. In FY 2021, management will prepare and pass budgets for all special revenue funds as required by statute.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED)

2020 - 002. Year-End Close Process

Criteria: Management is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the financial transactions in the City's general ledger to ensure accurate financial reporting.

Condition/Context: The City does not currently have an adequate monthly or year-end close process, whereby the City's financial records are adjusted, reviewed and reconciled to supporting documentation.

Effect: This condition could lead to inaccurate financial reporting.

Cause: There was an overall lack of appropriate controls implemented at the City during the fiscal year. The City did not properly account for activity, or prepare and review all reconciliations typically required in a strong accounting system.

Recommendation: We recommend the City consider a variety of options to address the above condition. In no particular order, the City should look at the respective staffing of the accounting function, and determine if an adequate number of qualified people are currently available to address the condition. The City should also consider and evaluate its strengths and weaknesses relative to the accounting function, and take measures to address the concerns noted above with a goal of providing timely recording, reconciling and reporting of City operations and financial and non-financial activities.

We further recommend the City consider reinvesting in its accounting personnel by providing technical education and training via participation in governmental accounting and financial reporting continuing education programs which are available in the general geographic area of the City as well as virtually. When certain levels of technical proficiency are observed by management, we further encourage the City to better cross-train the accounting personnel in an effort to make the accounting function a stronger and more capable accounting and finance department.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: We concur with the finding. We will continue to review and improve policies and procedures in an effort to eliminate errors and identify deficiencies from both an operational and financial perspective.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Not applicable.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

2019 - 001. Special Revenue Fund Budgets

Criteria: In accordance with state law, all local governments shall operate under an annual balanced budget for the General Fund, each special revenue fund, and each debt service fund in use by the local government.

Condition/Context: Management has not adopted an annual budget for the Forfeited Property Fund, Jail Fund, Okefenokee Classic, and ATM Machine Fund.

Auditee Response/Status: Unresolved – See current year financial audit finding 2020-001.